# TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM EXPERIENCE STUDY 

JULY 1, 2004 - JUNE 30, 2008

## BPS\&M

Bryan, Pendleton, Swats \& McAllister, LLC<br>A Wells Fargo Company<br>Justin C. Thacker, F.S.A.<br>Direct Line: (615) 665-5387<br>Email: Justin.Thacker@bpsm.com

September 25, 2009

The Honorable David H. Lillard, Jr., Chairman
Board of Trustees
Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System
Nashville, Tennessee 37219

Dear Mr. Lillard:

Submitted herewith are the results of an experience study of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System prepared for the four year period ending June 30, 2008, pursuant to the provisions of TCA Section 8-34-503(b). Also included are recommendations with respect to the actuarial assumptions of the plan for use with valuations occurring after this study date.

We trust that this report will be helpful in formulation of policy with respect to the operation and financing of the System. We very much appreciate the opportunity to serve the Board of Trustees, and will be pleased to supplement this report in any way, as you request.

The staff of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System has been extremely helpful and cooperative in developing the information required for this study. Their cooperation has been greatly appreciated, and is hereby acknowledged.

The study summarized in this report has been performed utilizing generally accepted actuarial principles and, where applicable, applying actuarial standards of practice. The undersigned is an actuary at BPS\&M, member of the American Academy of Actuaries, and has met the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions herein.

Respectfully submitted,

/mec

Enclosures

Summary of Report 1
$\qquad$Demographic Assumptions3
Effect of Actuarial Assumptions on Plan Costs .....  .3
General Approach ..... 4
Post-Retirement Mortality ..... 8
Pre-Retirement Mortality ..... 17
Disability ..... 25
Turnover ..... 33
Spread of Retirement Ages ..... 53
Summary of Demographic Assumptions ..... 61
Economic Assumptions ..... 62
Inflation ..... 62
Cost of Living Adjustment for TCRS Retirees ..... 63
Interest Rates ..... 64
Salary Scale ..... 66
Social Security Increases ..... 68
Economic Assumption Summary ..... 68
Other Groups ..... 69

## Introduction

"At least once in each six (6) year period, the actuary shall make an actuarial investigation into the mortality, service and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the retirement system, and taking into account the results of such investigation, the board of trustees shall adopt for the retirement system such mortality, service, and other tables as shall be deemed necessary."

Since the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System was established effective July 1, 1972, an actuarial experience study has been conducted periodically in accordance with the statute cited above. Each study has covered a four year reporting period, in compliance with the statutory requirement prior to amendment in 1992 to permit a six year rather than four year span. The current study examines the four year period ending June 30, 2008.

The initial four year period ended June 30, 1976. The experience study performed as of that date reached some definite conclusions and identified other probable trends. However, there were shortcomings to the data collected for the study because the records on which the study drew had been established, necessarily, to support the ongoing administration of the System. Steps were taken at that time to begin accumulating more elaborate information so that studies performed as of June 30, 1980 and later produced more comprehensive results. The data collection process continues to be refined to take advantage of the additional processing power made available by advances in technology. Information that was not previously available is now gathered allowing more elaborate analysis of results.

TCA 8-34-503(b) provides that the periodic actuarial investigation shall cover the "mortality, service and compensation experience" of the System. Within this framework, the various factors relating to the System's experience can be categorized, as follows:
A. Demographic Assumptions

1. Post-retirement Mortality
2. Pre-retirement Mortality
3. Rates of Disability
4. Turnover (i.e., withdrawal from the System)
5. Spreads of Retirement Age
B. Economic Assumptions
6. Rate of Investment Return
7. Changes in Compensation for Continuing Employees
8. Increases in Social Security Taxable Wage Base
9. Cost of Living Adjustments

Each of the factors is discussed separately in the following sections of this report.

As input for the study, census data was obtained for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 2004, 2005, 2006, and 2007. For each year, the employee population established as of the beginning of the fiscal year was traced through the end of the fiscal year. For these years, records had been provided by TCRS indicating whether each individual was still a member of the System as of the end of the fiscal year or, if he was no longer a member, the cause of his withdrawal (retirement, disability, death, etc.).

Salaries were reported for each employee who was an active participant as of the beginning of each fiscal year. For each individual who remained an active employee as of the end of a fiscal year, salaries were compared to full year salaries reported in the previous fiscal year in order to determine compensation increase rates.

In studying each "decrement" (that is, each reason for which individuals could have withdrawn from the System), a comparison of "actual" to "expected" terminations was made. The number of "actual" withdrawals for each cause was tabulated from the records maintained by the System. The "expected" terminations for each cause were determined by applying the rates of decrement recommended with the 2004 experience study to the exposure (that is, the number of individuals active as of the beginning of each fiscal year). By comparing the ratio of actual terminations to expected terminations for each cause, the validity of the actuarial tables was tested.

Results for the four separate years included in the review period have been combined in order to increase the sample size and smooth out random variations.

Each of the studies investigated several groups separately, because it was felt that they might have significantly different experience. The groups were defined as follows:

1. Teachers
2. General State Employees
3. Employees of Political Subdivisions
4. "Group II" Members (Firemen, Police, Wildlife Officers, and Highway Patrol)
5. "Group III" Members (County officials and Public Service Commissioners)
6. UT-TIAA with Guarantees
7. Local Teachers in Closed Systems
8. "Aged" Teachers and State Employees (retired lives only)

In practice, "Group II" and "Group III" were small, closed groups which were not large enough to generate credible experience, and "UT-TIAA", local teachers, and "aged" retirees exhibited experience quite similar to the larger group of teachers. Therefore, primary attention was paid to the first three groups-Teachers, general State employees and employees of Political Subdivisions. The results shown for Teachers include not only contributory ("K-12") teachers, but UT-TIAA members and local teachers, as well as "aged" retirees. "Non-Contributory" teachers (higher education) are included with general State employees, since they are combined with them for purposes of determining contribution rates.

Each of the sections in the Demographic Assumptions portion of the report deals with a particular rate of decrement or other assumption, in the order previously listed. For each assumption, the "ratios of actual to expected" based on the current tables are illustrated and discussed. A recommendation is then made concerning each assumption. The Board may choose to adopt the recommendations for use with valuations occurring after this study date and with any actuarial calculations required prior to subsequent changes in the assumptions.

## Effect of Actuarial Assumptions on Plan Costs

It is important to realize that actuarial assumptions do not determine the ultimate cost of a pension plan. Actual experience (benefits paid plus the expenses of plan operation, less interest earned on plan assets) ultimately determines the amount which the plan sponsor must contribute. What the actuarial assumptions do, in combination with the actuarial funding method, is determine the incidence of the plan's ultimate cost over a period of years --how much the plan's sponsor must contribute to the plan each year.

For example, if a very "conservative" set of assumptions is used as the basis for a valuation (low interest earnings, high salary increases, low turnover, low mortality rates), the initial cost of the plan will be high, but the required contribution rates will in all likelihood decrease gradually in later years. If, on the other hand, a plan starts out using a very "liberal" or "optimistic" set of assumptions (high interest earnings, low salary increases, high turnover, high mortality rates), the initial cost of the plan may be quite low, but plan costs will gradually increase in future years.

For most employers, a fairly level plan contribution as a percentage of covered payroll is a desirable goal. Therefore, plan sponsors usually try to choose assumptions that they feel are generally reasonable. In the absence of unusual events, a reasonable set of actuarial assumptions can be expected to develop a reasonably level series of annual contributions.

The purpose of the experience study is to review the existing set of actuarial assumptions and identify any trends in participant behavior or economic situations that are deemed to be long-term in nature. Any changes to the assumptions would be expected to have an impact on the future level of required contributions to the plan.

## General Approach

The portion of the study concerning active participants was based on the active life data associated with fiscal years beginning in 2004 through 2007. For each plan year, a record was established for each person who was an active participant in the plan as of the beginning of the year. Those records were tracked through the end of each fiscal year to determine the employment status at that time. A similar process was used to develop records concerning mortality among retired lives to determine whether the participant was still living at the end of the respective fiscal years.

These records served as the basis for the experience study. For most of the actuarial assumptions, the study took the form of determining ratios of "actual" results to the "expected" results obtained by applying the current tables to the participating lives. The table on the next page shows an example of the way in which "actual" terminations were compared to "expected" terminations and a ratio of "actual to expected" was obtained.

In order to obtain this table, each record was treated as a "unit of exposure" -- that is, the participant with which it is associated entered the year and was "exposed" to the contingency being measured. The member either terminated participation for this reason during the year or did not. In either event, it counted as a unit of exposure, so the exposure figure for the proper age and sex was increased by one. If the person actually terminated participation for this reason, the "actual" column was also increased by one for that age and sex; if the person was still employed at the end of the year, or if he terminated for some other reason, no entry was made to the "actual" column. An "expected" figure was calculated by multiplying the one unit of exposure by the probability of termination included in the turnover table currently being utilized in the valuation. For example, if for a particular age and sex the current table assumes that $15 \%$ of the participants will terminate employment during the next year, a factor of .15 was added to the "expected" column for the appropriate age and sex.

After all of the records were processed through the program, ratios of actual to expected were calculated. For example, over the four years of observation, 8,397 males between the ages of 36 and 40 began a year of employment. Of those 8,397 people, 555 terminated their employment before the end of the year. On the other hand, the turnover table currently being utilized assumes that approximately $3.33 \%$ of males in this age bracket will terminate their employment, so the "expected" figure was 280 . Thus, actual terminations in this category were greater than the "expected" terminations --- the ratio of actual to expected was $198 \%$.


This example provides a simplified illustration of the methodology used in succeeding sections of the report. Actual comparisons made herein are conducted on the basis described above but have been modified by "weighting" in order to enhance the effectiveness of the results. The weighting process gives recognition to the fact that some participants, due to associated larger liabilities, have a greater impact on valuation results than others. For instance, a senior official who has completed a significant number of years of service and receives a high salary will have a substantially larger actuarial liability than a short service lower paid employee of the same age. The impact on the plan of service retirement of the senior official is a more significant event than retirement of the lower paid employee of the same age. Therefore, the "number" of participants used to develop exposure, actual and expected numbers has been weighted by multiplying the number by the actuarial liability for that participant. Actuarial assumptions recommended with the 2004 experience study are used in determining liability weightings. For instance, an employee with a liability of $\$ 10,000$ for whom the probability of termination was $10 \%$ would result in exposure and expected amounts for a particular year of 1 and 0.10 respectively on an unweighted basis and 10,000 and 1,000 respectively on a weighted basis. If the participant died during the year, the "actual" weighted entry for the year would be 10,000 .

The charts presented herein have been developed recognizing liability weightings. Weighted results have been reduced proportionately to maintain exposure amounts within a reasonable range.

The table on the following page shows the results of the earlier table after data for participants have been weighted by liability amount. After weighting, the actual to expected ratio for the group of Consolidated State male employees between 36 and 40 years of age is reduced from $198.20 \%$ to $119.72 \%$. The reduction suggests that higher paid employees with relatively more seniority are less inclined to terminate employment than lower paid employees with shorter periods of service. This result is expected and is further confirmed by comparing the overall actual to expected ratio between the two tables. The overall ratio declines from $141.56 \%$ to $101.11 \%$. The process of correlating rates of termination, death, etc. to liability weightings ensures that actuarial assumptions are developed in the same manner they are applied. Both the development of the rates in the experience study and their application in the valuation process are with respect to liability amounts.

| MALE |  | General State Ultimate Withdrawal Weighted |  | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exposure | Actual |  |  |
|  | 16-20 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 11,167 | 1,840 | 1,652 | 111.40 |
|  | 26-30 | 85,920 | 8,662 | 9,075 | 95.46 |
|  | 31-35 | 232,705 | 14,025 | 14,614 | 95.97 |
|  | 36-40 | 476,790 | 18,565 | 15,507 | 119.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 898,351 | 23,611 | 18,930 | 124.73 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,332,567 | 22,621 | 25,252 | 89.58 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,265,885 | 31,084 | 26,136 | 118.93 |
|  | 56-60 | 474,753 | 18,400 | 16,451 | 111.85 |
|  | 61-65 | 13,152 | 367 | 550 | 66.80 |
|  | 66-70 | 665 | 204 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 23 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 4,791,991 | 139,379 | 128,168 | 108.75 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 148.93 |
|  | 21-25 | 11,938 | 1,948 | 1,941 | 100.34 |
|  | 26-30 | 126,712 | 13,037 | 15,809 | 82.47 |
|  | 31-35 | 308,484 | 20,581 | 25,051 | 82.16 |
|  | 36-40 | 594,709 | 27,401 | 26,701 | 102.62 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,310,877 | 32,193 | 34,672 | 92.85 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,910,632 | 41,109 | 42,003 | 97.87 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,714,832 | 50,528 | 49,027 | 103.06 |
|  | 56-60 | 584,947 | 25,157 | 24,910 | 100.99 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,126 | 764 | 98 | 783.12 |
|  | 66-70 | 199 | 82 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 95 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,565,561 | 212,856 | 220,213 | 96.66 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 25 | 3 | 5 | 68.58 |
|  | 21-25 | 23,105 | 3,788 | 3,593 | 105.42 |
|  | 26-30 | 212,632 | 21,700 | 24,883 | 87.21 |
|  | 31-35 | 541,188 | 34,606 | 39,665 | 87.25 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,071,499 | 45,966 | 42,207 | 108.91 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,209,229 | 55,804 | 53,602 | 104.11 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,243,198 | 63,731 | 67,256 | 94.76 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,980,717 | 81,613 | 75,163 | 108.58 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,059,700 | 43,556 | 41,361 | 105.31 |
|  | 61-65 | 15,277 | 1,131 | 647 | 174.77 |
|  | 66-70 | 864 | 285 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 117 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 11,357,552 | 352,235 | 348,381 | 101.11 |

In each of the following sections, the appropriateness of the current assumptions is discussed, and tables are included which compare actual results during the past four years to the "expected" results obtained by applying the current tables to the exposure. A recommendation is then made, and a second group of tables illustrates the relationship between "actual" and "expected" based on any proposed new tables.

## Post-Retirement Mortality

Pension costs are quite sensitive to changes in post-retirement mortality assumptions. Therefore, it is important that mortality tables used in the actuarial valuation adequately reflect post-retirement mortality experience. Mortality rates have been studied based on two major groups of employees, a) the Teachers group consisting of Teachers and Group III members and b) the group consisting of State employees, Political Subdivision employees and Group II members.

In this context, "conservative" tables are tables with low assumed rates of mortality-it is assumed that retirees will continue to live for comparatively long periods of time. Translated into ratios of actual to expected deaths among retirees, a mortality table is "conservative" if ratios of actual to expected are above $100 \%$. If ratios are below $100 \%$, fewer retirees are dying than expected. Since they are living longer than expected, they will receive more benefits from the plan than expected, so more money will have to go into the fund than has been anticipated.

The 1976, 1980, and 1984 studies all showed that retirees, especially teachers, were living longer than expected-that is, the post-retirement mortality tables then in use were not sufficiently conservative. Differences between actual and expected deaths were so great that some question remained as to whether the improvements in mortality were permanent or were due partially to statistical fluctuations. Therefore, the Board adopted an "intermediate" approach. About one-half of the apparent improvement in mortality was recognized in the new tables adopted after the 1980 study, with the understanding that further action could be taken if subsequent studies indicated permanent and/or continuing improvement. In 1984, the full continued improvement in mortality was recognized by adoption of the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Tables as the basis for expected deaths among teachers and the 1975 Group Annuity Mortality Tables (somewhat less conservative) as the basis for expected deaths among other retirees.

Experience from 1984 to 1988 indicated that the tables adopted as a result of the 1984 study had provided an accurate picture of expected deaths among retirees, and this pattern continued during the period ending in 1992. For the four year period ending in 1996, the ratio of actual to expected mortality declined below $100 \%$ among service retirees. As a result of the 1996 study, the male Teachers mortality table was modified to a more conservative basis, while other groups were left unchanged since the ratios were generally above $95 \%$.

Mortality experience in the 2000 study showed continued improvement among both major groups. Overall ratios for both groups declined by almost $4 \%$ from 1996 to 2000, with the majority of mortality improvement recognized among males. As a result of the 2000 study, mortality tables were modified for both major groups in order to bring actual to expected ratios back up to $100 \%$. In addition, the new mortality tables were based on actual TCRS mortality experience. Historically, mortality rates had been created by adjusting standard tables by a uniform percentage to fit the overall pattern of the TCRS groups. This change was made to better reflect actual TCRS mortality experience below age 65, which was not consistent with standard mortality tables.

Experience in the 2004 study showed continued mortality improvement in the group consisting of State employees, Political Subdivision employees and Group II members. The ratio of actual to expected mortality for this group declined from $100 \%$ to $91 \%$ since the 2000 study, with males experiencing more mortality improvement than females. Experience of the Teachers group (consisting of Teachers and Group III members) resulted in a reasonably conservative ratio of $103 \%$. As a result of the 2004 study, mortality tables were modified for both major groups in order to bring actual to expected ratios back to $100 \%$.

## DEMOCRAPHC ASSUMPIIONS

Experience in the current study shows continued mortality improvement among all groups (mortality improvements in the prior study were mostly related to only the group consisting of State employees, Political Subdivision employees and Group II members - not the Teachers group). The ratio of actual to expected mortality for both of the main groups declined from $100 \%$ to just below $90 \%$ since the 2004 study, with both males and females experiencing consistent mortality improvement during the period.

Mortality experience following disability retirements was also investigated. The number of death claims among disabled retirees is not large enough to be fully credible statistically-disability retirees amount to only 5\% of TCRS retirees. The results of the study indicate that actual mortality among both males and females is higher than expected. Results for disability mortality continue to be very inconsistent between study periods, suggesting further that experience in this area is less than fully credible.

The tables on the next three pages set out actual deaths, expected deaths, and ratios of actual to expected during the last four years. Actual and expected deaths are weighted by liability amounts to improve accuracy. Expected deaths are based on the tables used in the 2007 valuation. The first two pages show results for service retirees and the third for disability retirees.

| All Teacher Groups Post-Retirement Mortality Old Assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
|  | 36-40 | 19,417 | 0 | 11 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 6,773 | 0 | 9 | 0.00 |
|  | 46-50 | 13,151 | 0 | 34 | 0.00 |
|  | 51-55 | 365,924 | 1,890 | 1,566 | 120.72 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,842,052 | 9,932 | 9,718 | 102.21 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,277,760 | 19,630 | 18,858 | 104.09 |
|  | 66-70 | 1,910,022 | 27,672 | 28,939 | 95.62 |
|  | 71-75 | 1,515,444 | 36,960 | 41,512 | 89.03 |
|  | 76-80 | 892,472 | 36,536 | 44,378 | 82.33 |
|  | 81-85 | 405,879 | 27,257 | 30,997 | 87.93 |
|  | 86-90 | 135,032 | 18,255 | 19,665 | 92.83 |
|  | 91-95 | 28,567 | 6,758 | 6,462 | 104.58 |
|  | TOTAL | 9,412,492 | 184,890 | 202,149 | 91.46 |
| FEMALE | 36-40 | 22,991 | 0 | 10 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 12,805 | 204 | 11 | 1,800.08 |
|  | 46-50 | 31,525 | 426 | 47 | 908.63 |
|  | 51-55 | 984,780 | 2,823 | 2,344 | 120.45 |
|  | 56-60 | 3,705,100 | 15,752 | 14,275 | 110.34 |
|  | 61-65 | 4,419,131 | 25,646 | 28,206 | 90.92 |
|  | 66-70 | 3,585,752 | 30,917 | 39,003 | 79.27 |
|  | 71-75 | 2,434,265 | 37,217 | 43,392 | 85.77 |
|  | 76-80 | 1,615,345 | 42,539 | 52,536 | 80.97 |
|  | 81-85 | 784,032 | 37,420 | 47,189 | 79.30 |
|  | 86-90 | 399,903 | 38,622 | 41,954 | 92.06 |
|  | 91-95 | 192,678 | 34,942 | 36,985 | 94.48 |
|  | TOTAL | 18,188,309 | 266,509 | 305,952 | 87.11 |
| TOTAL | 36-40 | 42,408 | 0 | 20 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 19,578 | 204 | 21 | 989.53 |
|  | 46-50 | 44,676 | 426 | 81 | 526.43 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,350,704 | 4,714 | 3,910 | 120.56 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,547,152 | 25,684 | 23,993 | 107.05 |
|  | 61-65 | 6,696,891 | 45,275 | 47,064 | 96.20 |
|  | 66-70 | 5,495,774 | 58,588 | 67,943 | 86.23 |
|  | 71-75 | 3,949,709 | 74,177 | 84,904 | 87.37 |
|  | 76-80 | 2,507,818 | 79,076 | 96,914 | 81.59 |
|  | 81-85 | 1,189,911 | 64,676 | 78,186 | 82.72 |
|  | 86-90 | 534,936 | 56,877 | 61,619 | 92.31 |
|  | 91-95 | 221,245 | 41,700 | 43,447 | 95.98 |
|  | TOTAL | 27,600,802 | 451,399 | 508,101 | 88.84 |

Consolidated State, Polisubs \& Group II
Post-Retirement Mortality
Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36-40 | 23,994 | 0 | 27 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 5,387 | 47 | 12 | 408.20 |
|  | 46-50 | 40,249 | 52 | 145 | 35.75 |
|  | 51-55 | 457,587 | 4,921 | 2,679 | 183.67 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,622,663 | 14,314 | 14,832 | 96.51 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,616,275 | 31,481 | 38,740 | 81.26 |
|  | 66-70 | 2,861,096 | 50,368 | 61,302 | 82.16 |
|  | 71-75 | 2,045,244 | 60,506 | 70,777 | 85.49 |
|  | 76-80 | 1,027,624 | 53,694 | 59,688 | 89.96 |
|  | 81-85 | 468,513 | 37,537 | 42,979 | 87.34 |
|  | 86-90 | 124,602 | 16,864 | 16,554 | 101.87 |
|  | 91-95 | 25,906 | 6,334 | 5,324 | 118.97 |
|  | TOTAL | 11,319,139 | 276,118 | 313,060 | 88.20 |
| FEMALE | 36-40 | 37,568 | 0 | 24 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 23,117 | 0 | 27 | 0.00 |
|  | 46-50 | 93,277 | 287 | 162 | 177.32 |
|  | 51-55 | 512,002 | 1,648 | 1,445 | 114.02 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,375,589 | 9,362 | 7,572 | 123.65 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,316,237 | 19,291 | 20,507 | 94.07 |
|  | 66-70 | 2,435,590 | 27,989 | 31,871 | 87.82 |
|  | 71-75 | 1,734,553 | 28,265 | 36,269 | 77.93 |
|  | 76-80 | 1,058,969 | 36,958 | 38,334 | 96.41 |
|  | 81-85 | 518,657 | 28,621 | 30,071 | 95.18 |
|  | 86-90 | 180,227 | 17,858 | 19,185 | 93.09 |
|  | 91-95 | 44,305 | 8,350 | 8,374 | 99.71 |
|  | TOTAL | 10,330,091 | 178,630 | 193,841 | 92.15 |
| TOTAL | 36-40 | 61,561 | 0 | 51 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 28,504 | 47 | 39 | 121.53 |
|  | 46-50 | 133,526 | 339 | 307 | 110.43 |
|  | 51-55 | 969,590 | 6,569 | 4,124 | 159.27 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,998,252 | 23,676 | 22,404 | 105.68 |
|  | 61-65 | 4,932,512 | 50,771 | 59,248 | 85.69 |
|  | 66-70 | 5,296,686 | 78,357 | 93,173 | 84.10 |
|  | 71-75 | 3,779,797 | 88,771 | 107,046 | 82.93 |
|  | 76-80 | 2,086,593 | 90,652 | 98,021 | 92.48 |
|  | 81-85 | 987,170 | 66,159 | 73,050 | 90.57 |
|  | 86-90 | 304,828 | 34,722 | 35,739 | 97.15 |
|  | 91-95 | 70,211 | 14,685 | 13,699 | 107.20 |
|  | TOTAL | 21,649,230 | 454,748 | 506,901 | 89.71 |



## DEMOCRAPHC ASSUMPIIONS

Recommendation: Results for the tables applied to both of the main groups (State employees/Political Subdivisions and Teachers) have again reached the lower end of the acceptable range due to improvements in mortality. New tables are recommended for both groups to fit the mortality experience from the study period. Adopting the new tables would produce actual to expected ratios of $100 \%$ for both groups based on the experience data observed from 2004 to 2008.

A more conservative approach for post-retirement mortality should also be considered. Since mortality improvement has been documented throughout recent studies, anticipating future improvements in mortality would be prudent. This can be accomplished by using a generational mortality table that reduces the expected probabilities of mortality for all future years. This approach assumes that mortality improvements will continue indefinitely and is not yet widely used. Another approach is to create a mortality table that would produce actual to expected ratios greater than $100 \%$. Mortality tables with ratios between $100 \%$ and $105 \%$ would be a reasonable approach in the short-term, while continuing to monitor mortality improvements in the future.

For the disability assumption, the difference in results from the prior period suggests that a change is warranted. A modified table is recommended based on a blend of current experience and the prior assumption since the experience in this area is less than fully credible.

# All Teacher Groups <br> Post-Retirement Mortality <br> Recommended Assumptions 

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36-40 | 19,417 | 0 | 11 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 6,773 | 0 | 9 | 0.00 |
|  | 46-50 | 13,151 | 0 | 35 | 0.00 |
|  | 51-55 | 365,924 | 1,890 | 1,808 | 104.54 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,842,052 | 9,932 | 10,093 | 98.41 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,277,760 | 19,630 | 19,330 | 101.55 |
|  | 66-70 | 1,910,022 | 27,672 | 27,610 | 100.22 |
|  | 71-75 | 1,515,444 | 36,960 | 36,840 | 100.33 |
|  | 76-80 | 892,472 | 36,536 | 37,116 | 98.44 |
|  | 81-85 | 405,879 | 27,257 | 27,113 | 100.53 |
|  | 86-90 | 135,032 | 18,255 | 18,287 | 99.83 |
|  | 91-95 | 28,567 | 6,758 | 6,630 | 101.92 |
|  | TOTAL | 9,412,492 | 184,890 | 184,883 | 100.00 |
| FEMALE | 36-40 | 22,991 | 0 | 10 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 12,805 | 204 | 14 | 1,504.26 |
|  | 46-50 | 31,525 | 426 | 56 | 758.54 |
|  | 51-55 | 984,780 | 2,823 | 2,759 | 102.34 |
|  | 56-60 | 3,705,100 | 15,752 | 15,383 | 102.40 |
|  | 61-65 | 4,419,131 | 25,646 | 25,645 | 100.00 |
|  | 66-70 | 3,585,752 | 30,917 | 31,667 | 97.63 |
|  | 71-75 | 2,434,265 | 37,217 | 36,536 | 101.86 |
|  | 76-80 | 1,615,345 | 42,539 | 42,629 | 99.79 |
|  | 81-85 | 784,032 | 37,420 | 38,148 | 98.09 |
|  | 86-90 | 399,903 | 38,622 | 37,950 | 101.77 |
|  | 91-95 | 192,678 | 34,942 | 35,706 | 97.86 |
|  | TOTAL | 18,188,309 | 266,509 | 266,503 | 100.00 |
| TOTAL | 36-40 | 42,408 | 0 | 21 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 19,578 | 204 | 23 | 893.69 |
|  | 46-50 | 44,676 | 426 | 92 | 465.61 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,350,704 | 4,714 | 4,567 | 103.21 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,547,152 | 25,684 | 25,475 | 100.82 |
|  | 61-65 | 6,696,891 | 45,275 | 44,976 | 100.67 |
|  | 66-70 | 5,495,774 | 58,588 | 59,277 | 98.84 |
|  | 71-75 | 3,949,709 | 74,177 | 73,376 | 101.09 |
|  | 76-80 | 2,507,818 | 79,076 | 79,745 | 99.16 |
|  | 81-85 | 1,189,911 | 64,676 | 65,261 | 99.11 |
|  | 86-90 | 534,936 | 56,877 | 56,237 | 101.14 |
|  | 91-95 | 221,245 | 41,700 | 42,336 | 98.50 |
|  | TOTAL | 27,600,802 | 451,399 | 451,386 | 100.00 |

Consolidated State, Polisubs and Group II
Post-Retirement Mortality
Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36-40 | 23,994 | 0 | 28 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 5,387 | 47 | 12 | 403.54 |
|  | 46-50 | 40,249 | 52 | 147 | 35.34 |
|  | 51-55 | 457,587 | 4,921 | 2,690 | 182.92 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,622,663 | 14,314 | 14,146 | 101.18 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,616,275 | 31,481 | 32,393 | 97.18 |
|  | 66-70 | 2,861,096 | 50,368 | 51,152 | 98.47 |
|  | 71-75 | 2,045,244 | 60,506 | 61,307 | 98.69 |
|  | 76-80 | 1,027,624 | 53,694 | 53,794 | 99.82 |
|  | 81-85 | 468,513 | 37,537 | 38,669 | 97.07 |
|  | 86-90 | 124,602 | 16,864 | 16,382 | 102.94 |
|  | 91-95 | 25,906 | 6,334 | 5,386 | 117.60 |
|  | TOTAL | 11,319,139 | 276,118 | 276,105 | 100.01 |
| FEMALE | 36-40 | 37,568 | 0 | 26 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 23,117 | 0 | 32 | 0.00 |
|  | 46-50 | 93,277 | 287 | 186 | 154.25 |
|  | 51-55 | 512,002 | 1,648 | 1,690 | 97.48 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,375,589 | 9,362 | 7,827 | 119.61 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,316,237 | 19,291 | 19,315 | 99.87 |
|  | 66-70 | 2,435,590 | 27,989 | 28,039 | 99.82 |
|  | 71-75 | 1,734,553 | 28,265 | 29,776 | 94.93 |
|  | 76-80 | 1,058,969 | 36,958 | 36,353 | 101.67 |
|  | 81-85 | 518,657 | 28,621 | 28,847 | 99.22 |
|  | 86-90 | 180,227 | 17,858 | 18,183 | 98.21 |
|  | 91-95 | 44,305 | 8,350 | 8,348 | 100.02 |
|  | TOTAL | 10,330,091 | 178,630 | 178,623 | 100.00 |
| TOTAL | 36-40 | 61,561 | 0 | 54 | 0.00 |
|  | 41-45 | 28,504 | 47 | 43 | 109.62 |
|  | 46-50 | 133,526 | 339 | 333 | 101.84 |
|  | 51-55 | 969,590 | 6,569 | 4,381 | 149.95 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,998,252 | 23,676 | 21,974 | 107.75 |
|  | 61-65 | 4,932,512 | 50,771 | 51,709 | 98.19 |
|  | 66-70 | 5,296,686 | 78,357 | 79,190 | 98.95 |
|  | 71-75 | 3,779,797 | 88,771 | 91,083 | 97.46 |
|  | 76-80 | 2,086,593 | 90,652 | 90,146 | 100.56 |
|  | 81-85 | 987,170 | 66,159 | 67,516 | 97.99 |
|  | 86-90 | 304,828 | 34,722 | 34,565 | 100.45 |
|  | 91-95 | 70,211 | 14,685 | 13,735 | 106.92 |
|  | TOTAL | 21,649,230 | 454,748 | 454,728 | 100.00 |

## All Retirees

Post-Disability Mortality Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36-40 | 9,207 | 158 | 223 | 70.89 |
|  | 41-45 | 26,149 | 1,133 | 744 | 152.32 |
|  | 46-50 | 65,486 | 2,547 | 2,066 | 123.27 |
|  | 51-55 | 121,682 | 5,155 | 4,283 | 120.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 156,618 | 6,054 | 6,106 | 99.15 |
|  | 61-65 | 103,961 | 4,912 | 4,522 | 108.62 |
|  | 66-70 | 45,517 | 4,079 | 2,287 | 178.40 |
|  | 71-75 | 19,027 | 1,836 | 1,168 | 157.17 |
|  | 76-80 | 11,813 | 898 | 954 | 94.15 |
|  | 81-85 | 7,490 | 1,287 | 857 | 150.15 |
|  | 86-90 | 4,346 | 195 | 652 | 29.88 |
|  | 91-95 | 291 | 50 | 67 | 75.26 |
|  | TOTAL | 571,587 | 28,303 | 23,928 | 118.29 |
| FEMALE | 36-40 | 11,595 | 595 | 285 | 208.40 |
|  | 41-45 | 36,874 | 800 | 1,050 | 76.13 |
|  | 46-50 | 87,019 | 2,792 | 2,747 | 101.66 |
|  | 51-55 | 169,869 | 6,999 | 5,970 | 117.25 |
|  | 56-60 | 216,550 | 8,011 | 8,433 | 95.00 |
|  | 61-65 | 140,696 | 4,248 | 6,120 | 69.41 |
|  | 66-70 | 61,317 | 2,847 | 3,076 | 92.55 |
|  | 71-75 | 28,403 | 1,280 | 1,760 | 72.69 |
|  | 76-80 | 16,094 | 993 | 1,294 | 76.74 |
|  | 81-85 | 6,314 | 585 | 698 | 83.82 |
|  | 86-90 | 3,019 | 413 | 470 | 87.83 |
|  | 91-95 | 878 | 190 | 201 | 94.37 |
|  | TOTAL | 778,627 | 29,753 | 32,105 | 92.67 |
| TOTAL | 36-40 | 20,802 | 753 | 508 | 148.10 |
|  | 41-45 | 63,023 | 1,933 | 1,794 | 107.72 |
|  | 46-50 | 152,504 | 5,340 | 4,813 | 110.94 |
|  | 51-55 | 291,551 | 12,154 | 10,253 | 118.54 |
|  | 56-60 | 373,168 | 14,065 | 14,539 | 96.74 |
|  | 61-65 | 244,657 | 9,160 | 10,642 | 86.07 |
|  | 66-70 | 106,834 | 6,926 | 5,363 | 129.16 |
|  | 71-75 | 47,430 | 3,116 | 2,929 | 106.39 |
|  | 76-80 | 27,906 | 1,891 | 2,248 | 84.13 |
|  | 81-85 | 13,804 | 1,872 | 1,555 | 120.37 |
|  | 86-90 | 7,365 | 607 | 1,122 | 54.16 |
|  | 91-95 | 1,168 | 240 | 268 | 89.61 |
|  | TOTAL | 1,350,214 | 58,056 | 56,033 | 103.61 |

## Pre-Retirement Mortality

Pension costs are not particularly sensitive to changes in pre-retirement mortality rates, because the mortality rates at active ages are quite low. Nevertheless, it is desirable to utilize rates which reasonably reflect actuarial experience if possible.

Historically, pre-retirement mortality rates for Teachers have been very low-lower than expected under any mortality table in general use. The Board recognized this experience in 1996 by basing expected results for Teachers on $60 \%$ of the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table. The full 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table continued to be used for Consolidated State and Political Subdivision employees. In 2000, tables were adopted for Teachers that were approximately $85 \%$ of the previous variant of the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was adopted for Consolidated State and Political Subdivision employees. As a result of the 2004 study, all groups began using a variant of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table ( $60 \%$ for Teachers and $65 \%$ for Consolidated State and Political Subdivision employees).

Since TCRS became non-contributory for most State employees, records do not support a study of preretirement mortality among non-contributory groups. Previously, when a Member's employment terminated, a claim had to be made for the return of his contributions, and that claim indicated the reason for the termination. Now no such claim needs to be filed. As a result, TCRS records do not indicate the reason for the termination; the Member is simply no longer active. The same problem relates partially to Political Subdivisions, since some of them are contributory and some are not.

The table on the next page shows the results for active Teachers, and the tables on the following pages show results for Consolidated State and Political Subdivision employees. The latter two probably do not adequately reflect results, since deaths appear to be understated for non-contributory groups. The limited amount of preretirement deaths also limits the credibility of this experience.

Teachers
Pre-Retirement Mortality Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 32 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 8,523 | 0 | 4 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 121,879 | 11 | 60 | 17.90 |
|  | 31-35 | 333,457 | 0 | 181 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 480,606 | 181 | 296 | 61.04 |
|  | 41-45 | 638,213 | 39 | 566 | 6.86 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,076,705 | 1,778 | 1,522 | 116.86 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,955,117 | 3,778 | 4,630 | 81.59 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,027,953 | 6,071 | 8,206 | 73.99 |
|  | 61-65 | 750,779 | 4,106 | 5,182 | 79.23 |
|  | 66-70 | 142,313 | 696 | 1,748 | 39.81 |
|  | 71-75 | 27,095 | 0 | 524 | 0.00 |
|  | TOTAL | 7,562,675 | 16,659 | 22,919 | 72.69 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 73 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 50,794 | 5 | 10 | 51.12 |
|  | 26-30 | 499,351 | 55 | 105 | 52.14 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,186,368 | 56 | 330 | 16.90 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,719,270 | 523 | 673 | 77.71 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,312,249 | 894 | 1,317 | 67.87 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,343,376 | 3,323 | 3,493 | 95.13 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,210,826 | 8,555 | 8,999 | 95.06 |
|  | 56-60 | 6,366,759 | 11,273 | 13,653 | 82.57 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,025,976 | 4,909 | 8,106 | 60.55 |
|  | 66-70 | 334,720 | 939 | 2,386 | 39.37 |
|  | 71-75 | 67,662 | 580 | 752 | 77.13 |
|  | TOTAL | 26,117,425 | 31,111 | 39,824 | 78.12 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 105 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 59,317 | 5 | 13 | 37.26 |
|  | 26-30 | 621,230 | 65 | 165 | 39.62 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,519,825 | 56 | 511 | 10.90 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,199,876 | 704 | 969 | 72.62 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,950,463 | 933 | 1,884 | 49.53 |
|  | 46-50 | 5,420,081 | 5,101 | 5,015 | 101.72 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,165,944 | 12,332 | 13,629 | 90.48 |
|  | 56-60 | 8,394,712 | 17,344 | 21,859 | 79.35 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,776,755 | 9,015 | 13,289 | 67.84 |
|  | 66-70 | 477,033 | 1,635 | 4,133 | 39.56 |
|  | 71-75 | 94,757 | 580 | 1,276 | 45.46 |
|  | TOTAL | 33,680,099 | 47,770 | 62,743 | 76.14 |

# General State <br> Pre-Retirement Mortality Old Assumptions 

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 537 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 17,202 | 9 | 7 | 121.69 |
|  | 26-30 | 97,386 | 0 | 52 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 243,326 | 46 | 144 | 31.97 |
|  | 36-40 | 487,052 | 237 | 329 | 72.07 |
|  | 41-45 | 908,831 | 872 | 878 | 99.34 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,542,730 | 3,199 | 2,332 | 137.18 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,277,564 | 5,263 | 5,819 | 90.45 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,509,247 | 8,713 | 11,118 | 78.37 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,533,863 | 7,307 | 11,989 | 60.95 |
|  | 66-70 | 550,210 | 4,874 | 7,349 | 66.33 |
|  | 71-75 | 154,543 | 2,756 | 3,238 | 85.09 |
|  | TOTAL | 10,322,490 | 33,277 | 43,256 | 76.93 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 400 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 20,123 | 0 | 4 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 143,308 | 0 | 33 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 325,231 | 0 | 98 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,497 | 144 | 264 | 54.73 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,327,095 | 131 | 823 | 15.93 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,290,903 | 1,485 | 1,977 | 75.13 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,882,171 | 2,702 | 3,865 | 69.91 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,553,034 | 3,162 | 6,033 | 52.41 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,230,556 | 3,463 | 5,482 | 63.17 |
|  | 66-70 | 374,771 | 1,312 | 2,946 | 44.52 |
|  | 71-75 | 84,787 | 343 | 1,042 | 32.92 |
|  | TOTAL | 11,842,877 | 12,742 | 22,565 | 56.47 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 937 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 37,325 | 9 | 12 | 78.70 |
|  | 26-30 | 240,693 | 0 | 85 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 568,558 | 46 | 241 | 19.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,097,549 | 381 | 593 | 64.35 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,235,926 | 1,003 | 1,701 | 58.99 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,833,633 | 4,684 | 4,309 | 108.71 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,159,735 | 7,965 | 9,683 | 82.25 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,062,281 | 11,875 | 17,150 | 69.24 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,764,419 | 10,770 | 17,471 | 61.65 |
|  | 66-70 | 924,981 | 6,186 | 10,295 | 60.09 |
|  | 71-75 | 239,330 | 3,098 | 4,280 | 72.39 |
|  | TOTAL | 22,165,367 | 46,019 | 65,820 | 69.92 |

## Political Subdivisions Pre-Retirement Mortality Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 902 | 3 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 34,850 | 4 | 15 | 27.48 |
|  | 26-30 | 156,443 | 121 | 83 | 145.30 |
|  | 31-35 | 376,941 | 195 | 222 | 87.69 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,918 | 152 | 410 | 37.13 |
|  | 41-45 | 887,751 | 1,051 | 852 | 123.46 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,136,093 | 1,821 | 1,704 | 106.86 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,321,026 | 4,964 | 3,325 | 149.30 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,132,453 | 6,667 | 4,994 | 133.50 |
|  | 61-65 | 600,010 | 3,605 | 4,624 | 77.97 |
|  | 66-70 | 175,905 | 1,882 | 2,372 | 79.34 |
|  | 71-75 | 63,326 | 1,134 | 1,342 | 84.50 |
|  | TOTAL | 6,496,618 | 21,600 | 19,943 | 108.31 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 298 | 1 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 14,626 | 0 | 3 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 80,840 | 0 | 18 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 206,248 | 32 | 63 | 51.47 |
|  | 36-40 | 410,127 | 142 | 176 | 80.36 |
|  | 41-45 | 723,833 | 530 | 447 | 118.44 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,109,002 | 720 | 952 | 75.64 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,317,268 | 1,306 | 1,767 | 73.94 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,225,884 | 1,886 | 2,913 | 64.74 |
|  | 61-65 | 702,734 | 1,634 | 3,155 | 51.80 |
|  | 66-70 | 217,732 | 713 | 1,718 | 41.51 |
|  | 71-75 | 69,498 | 524 | 863 | 60.72 |
|  | TOTAL | 6,078,089 | 7,488 | 12,075 | 62.01 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 1,201 | 4 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 49,476 | 4 | 18 | 22.97 |
|  | 26-30 | 237,282 | 121 | 102 | 119.12 |
|  | 31-35 | 583,189 | 227 | 285 | 79.74 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,021,045 | 294 | 586 | 50.12 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,611,584 | 1,581 | 1,299 | 121.73 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,245,094 | 2,542 | 2,657 | 95.67 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,638,293 | 6,271 | 5,092 | 123.15 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,358,336 | 8,553 | 7,907 | 108.17 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,302,744 | 5,239 | 7,778 | 67.35 |
|  | 66-70 | 393,637 | 2,595 | 4,090 | 63.45 |
|  | 71-75 | 132,824 | 1,658 | 2,205 | 75.19 |
|  | TOTAL | 12,574,707 | 29,088 | 32,018 | 90.85 |

Recommendation: It is recommended that future expectations of pre-retirement mortality for all groups be based on a variant of the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Employees (male and female) in order to base the assumption on an updated table.

For Teachers, it is proposed to use $60 \%$ of the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Employees (male and female), while the recommendation for Consolidated State and Political Subdivision employees is to use $80 \%$ of the RP-2000
Mortality Table for Employees (male and female). While the mortality rates are below standard tables, the resulting tables do reasonably predict the liabilities the System will incur in the future.

Teachers
Pre-Retirement Mortality Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 32 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 8,523 | 0 | 2 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 121,879 | 11 | 30 | 35.88 |
|  | 31-35 | 333,457 | 0 | 131 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 480,606 | 181 | 278 | 65.05 |
|  | 41-45 | 638,213 | 39 | 508 | 7.65 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,076,705 | 1,778 | 1,233 | 144.26 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,955,117 | 3,778 | 3,128 | 120.78 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,027,953 | 6,071 | 4,853 | 125.10 |
|  | 61-65 | 750,779 | 4,106 | 2,752 | 149.21 |
|  | 66-70 | 142,313 | 696 | 753 | 92.34 |
|  | 71-75 | 27,095 | 0 | 474 | 0.00 |
|  | TOTAL | 7,562,675 | 16,659 | 14,141 | 117.81 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 73 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 50,794 | 5 | 6 | 78.41 |
|  | 26-30 | 499,351 | 55 | 73 | 75.13 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,186,368 | 56 | 287 | 19.39 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,719,270 | 523 | 625 | 83.68 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,312,249 | 894 | 1,331 | 67.18 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,343,376 | 3,323 | 3,842 | 86.49 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,210,826 | 8,555 | 9,385 | 91.15 |
|  | 56-60 | 6,366,759 | 11,273 | 12,426 | 90.72 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,025,976 | 4,909 | 5,830 | 84.20 |
|  | 66-70 | 334,720 | 939 | 1,343 | 69.95 |
|  | 71-75 | 67,662 | 580 | 873 | 66.48 |
|  | TOTAL | 26,117,425 | 31,111 | 36,021 | 86.37 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 105 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 59,317 | 5 | 8 | 59.89 |
|  | 26-30 | 621,230 | 65 | 103 | 63.64 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,519,825 | 56 | 418 | 13.33 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,199,876 | 704 | 903 | 77.95 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,950,463 | 933 | 1,839 | 50.74 |
|  | 46-50 | 5,420,081 | 5,101 | 5,075 | 100.52 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,165,944 | 12,332 | 12,513 | 98.56 |
|  | 56-60 | 8,394,712 | 17,344 | 17,279 | 100.38 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,776,755 | 9,015 | 8,582 | 105.04 |
|  | 66-70 | 477,033 | 1,635 | 2,096 | 77.99 |
|  | 71-75 | 94,757 | 580 | 1,346 | 43.08 |
|  | TOTAL | 33,680,099 | 47,770 | 50,162 | 95.23 |

## General State

Pre-Retirement Mortality
Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 537 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 17,202 | 9 | 5 | 176.86 |
|  | 26-30 | 97,386 | 0 | 32 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 243,326 | 46 | 128 | 35.89 |
|  | 36-40 | 487,052 | 237 | 380 | 62.32 |
|  | 41-45 | 908,831 | 872 | 969 | 90.04 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,542,730 | 3,199 | 2,334 | 137.06 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,277,564 | 5,263 | 4,845 | 108.64 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,509,247 | 8,713 | 8,077 | 107.87 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,533,863 | 7,307 | 7,734 | 94.48 |
|  | 66-70 | 550,210 | 4,874 | 3,891 | 125.26 |
|  | 71-75 | 154,543 | 2,756 | 3,605 | 76.44 |
|  | TOTAL | 10,322,490 | 33,277 | 32,001 | 103.99 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 400 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 20,123 | 0 | 3 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 143,308 | 0 | 28 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 325,231 | 0 | 105 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,497 | 144 | 301 | 47.92 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,327,095 | 131 | 1,027 | 12.77 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,290,903 | 1,485 | 2,678 | 55.46 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,882,171 | 2,702 | 4,966 | 54.41 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,553,034 | 3,162 | 6,716 | 47.08 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,230,556 | 3,463 | 4,797 | 72.19 |
|  | 66-70 | 374,771 | 1,312 | 2,026 | 64.74 |
|  | 71-75 | 84,787 | 343 | 1,487 | 23.06 |
|  | TOTAL | 11,842,877 | 12,742 | 24,133 | 52.80 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 937 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 37,325 | 9 | 8 | 108.14 |
|  | 26-30 | 240,693 | 0 | 60 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 568,558 | 46 | 233 | 19.70 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,097,549 | 381 | 682 | 55.96 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,235,926 | 1,003 | 1,996 | 50.29 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,833,633 | 4,684 | 5,012 | 93.46 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,159,735 | 7,965 | 9,810 | 81.19 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,062,281 | 11,875 | 14,793 | 80.27 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,764,419 | 10,770 | 12,531 | 85.95 |
|  | 66-70 | 924,981 | 6,186 | 5,917 | 104.54 |
|  | 71-75 | 239,330 | 3,098 | 5,092 | 60.85 |
|  | TOTAL | 22,165,367 | 46,019 | 56,134 | 81.98 |

Political Subdivisions
Pre-Retirement Mortality
Recommended Assumptions

|  |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE | 16-20 | 902 | 3 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 34,850 |  | 10 | 39.93 |
|  | 26-30 | 156,443 | 121 | 51 | 236.97 |
|  | 31-35 | 376,941 | 195 | 198 | 98.56 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,918 | 152 | 474 | 32.12 |
|  | 41-45 | 887,751 | 1,051 | 940 | 111.83 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,136,093 | 1,821 | 1,710 | 106.53 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,321,026 | 4,964 | 2,783 | 178.40 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,132,453 | 6,667 | 3,632 | 183.60 |
|  | 61-65 | 600,010 | 3,605 | 2,995 | 120.37 |
|  | 66-70 | 175,905 | 1,882 | 1,250 | 150.49 |
|  | 71-75 | 63,326 | 1,134 | 1,497 | 75.74 |
|  | TOTAL | 6,496,618 | 21,600 | 15,540 | 139.00 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 298 | 1 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 14,626 | 0 | 2 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 80,840 | 0 | 16 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 206,248 | 32 | 67 | 47.76 |
|  | 36-40 | 410,127 | 142 | 201 | 70.35 |
|  | 41-45 | 723,833 | 530 | 557 | 95.09 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,109,002 | 720 | 1,290 | 55.82 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,317,268 | 1,306 | 2,270 | 57.54 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,225,884 | 1,886 | 3,236 | 58.27 |
|  | 61-65 | 702,734 | 1,634 | 2,752 | 59.38 |
|  | 66-70 | 217,732 | 713 | 1,180 | 60.46 |
|  | 71-75 | 69,498 | 524 | 1,232 | 42.54 |
|  | TOTAL | 6,078,089 | 7,488 | 12,803 | 58.48 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 1,201 | 4 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 49,476 | 4 | 13 | 32.53 |
|  | 26-30 | 237,282 | 121 | 67 | 181.46 |
|  | 31-35 | 583,189 | 227 | 265 | 85.65 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,021,045 | 294 | 675 | 43.52 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,611,584 | 1,581 | 1,497 | 105.60 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,245,094 | 2,542 | 3,000 | 84.72 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,638,293 | 6,271 | 5,053 | 124.11 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,358,336 | 8,553 | 6,867 | 124.54 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,302,744 | 5,239 | 5,747 | 91.16 |
|  | 66-70 | 393,637 | 2,595 | 2,430 | 106.78 |
|  | 71-75 | 132,824 | 1,658 | 2,729 | 60.75 |
|  | TOTAL | 12,574,707 | 29,088 | 28,343 | 102.63 |

## Disability

As is the case with pre-retirement mortality rates, the incidence of disability is so low that overall pension costs are not very sensitive to changes in disability rates.

Disability ratios among Teachers decreased from $98 \%$ of expected in 2004 to $78 \%$ in 2008. Disability ratios among State employees decreased from $100 \%$ of expected to $83 \%$. Political Subdivision employees also experienced a decrease in disability ratios from $96 \%$ to $72 \%$.

Teachers
Ordinary Disability
Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 32 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 8,523 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 121,879 | 0 | 10 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 333,457 | 0 | 50 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 480,606 | 124 | 267 | 46.29 |
|  | 41-45 | 638,213 | 105 | 766 | 13.65 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,076,705 | 1,741 | 1,945 | 89.51 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,955,117 | 2,461 | 3,980 | 61.84 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,027,953 | 2,419 | 2,844 | 85.08 |
|  | 61-65 | 750,779 | 770 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 142,313 | 3 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 27,095 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 7,562,675 | 7,623 | 9,863 | 77.29 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 73 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 50,794 | 0 | 4 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 499,351 | 0 | 41 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,186,368 | 291 | 178 | 163.39 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,719,270 | 546 | 955 | 57.13 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,312,249 | 2,570 | 2,789 | 92.14 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,343,376 | 8,045 | 7,840 | 102.62 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,210,826 | 9,668 | 14,680 | 65.86 |
|  | 56-60 | 6,366,759 | 6,880 | 9,124 | 75.40 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,025,976 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 334,720 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 67,662 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 26,117,425 | 27,999 | 35,612 | 78.62 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 105 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 59,317 | 0 | 5 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 621,230 | 0 | 52 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,519,825 | 291 | 228 | 127.51 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,199,876 | 669 | 1,222 | 54.76 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,950,463 | 2,674 | 3,555 | 75.23 |
|  | 46-50 | 5,420,081 | 9,786 | 9,785 | 100.02 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,165,944 | 12,129 | 18,660 | 65.00 |
|  | 56-60 | 8,394,712 | 9,299 | 11,968 | 77.70 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,776,755 | 770 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 477,033 | 3 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 94,757 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 33,680,099 | 35,622 | 45,474 | 78.33 |

## General State Ordinary Disability Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 537 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 17,202 | 0 | 14 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 97,386 | 0 | 84 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 243,326 | 133 | 306 | 43.31 |
|  | 36-40 | 487,052 | 561 | 835 | 67.14 |
|  | 41-45 | 908,831 | 1,523 | 1,978 | 76.99 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,542,730 | 3,865 | 3,951 | 97.83 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,277,564 | 6,861 | 6,500 | 105.55 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,509,247 | 4,825 | 5,955 | 81.03 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,533,863 | 1,525 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 550,210 | 75 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 154,543 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 10,322,490 | 19,367 | 19,623 | 98.70 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 400 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 20,123 | 0 | 8 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 143,308 | 0 | 62 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 325,231 | 92 | 199 | 46.50 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,497 | 697 | 837 | 83.28 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,327,095 | 2,208 | 3,230 | 68.36 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,290,903 | 4,926 | 7,650 | 64.40 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,882,171 | 10,454 | 11,993 | 87.17 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,553,034 | 5,067 | 9,498 | 53.35 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,230,556 | 618 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 374,771 | 143 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 84,787 | 477 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 11,842,877 | 24,683 | 33,476 | 73.73 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 937 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 37,325 | 0 | 22 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 240,693 | 0 | 146 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 568,558 | 225 | 505 | 44.57 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,097,549 | 1,258 | 1,672 | 75.22 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,235,926 | 3,731 | 5,208 | 71.64 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,833,633 | 8,791 | 11,601 | 75.78 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,159,735 | 17,315 | 18,493 | 93.63 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,062,281 | 9,892 | 15,452 | 64.01 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,764,419 | 2,143 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 924,981 | 218 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 239,330 | 477 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 22,165,367 | 44,050 | 53,099 | 82.96 |

## Political Subdivisions Ordinary Disability Old Assumptions

|  |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE | 16-20 | 902 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 34,850 | 0 | 14 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 156,443 | 26 | 63 | 40.96 |
|  | 31-35 | 376,941 | 134 | 151 | 88.73 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,918 | 406 | 414 | 98.12 |
|  | 41-45 | 887,751 | 1,083 | 1,755 | 61.73 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,136,093 | 2,256 | 4,316 | 52.26 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,321,026 | 6,055 | 6,852 | 88.36 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,132,453 | 4,152 | 5,139 | 80.79 |
|  | 61-65 | 600,010 | 169 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 175,905 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 63,326 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,496,618 | 14,281 | 18,704 | 76.35 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 298 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 14,626 | 0 | 6 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 80,840 | 0 | 32 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 206,248 | 0 | 82 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 410,127 | 140 | 282 | 49.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 723,833 | 367 | 1,453 | 25.29 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,109,002 | 2,841 | 4,220 | 67.32 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,317,268 | 4,674 | 6,842 | 68.31 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,225,884 | 4,482 | 5,500 | 81.48 |
|  | 61-65 | 702,734 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 217,732 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 69,498 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,078,089 | 12,504 | 18,417 | 67.89 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 1,201 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 49,476 | 0 | 20 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 237,282 | 26 | 95 | 27.01 |
|  | 31-35 | 583,189 | 134 | 233 | 57.35 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,021,045 | 546 | 696 | 78.51 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,611,584 | 1,451 | 3,208 | 45.23 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,245,094 | 5,096 | 8,536 | 59.71 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,638,293 | 10,729 | 13,694 | 78.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,358,336 | 8,634 | 10,640 | 81.15 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,302,744 | 169 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 393,637 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 132,824 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 12,574,707 | 26,785 | 37,122 | 72.15 |

Recommendation: The incidence of disability among all groups should be improved by the adoption of revised tables. The proposed tables are based on a blend of current experience and the prior assumption since the experience in this area is less than fully credible.

Teachers
Ordinary Disability
Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 32 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 8,523 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 121,879 | 0 | 10 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 333,457 | 0 | 57 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 480,606 | 124 | 306 | 40.44 |
|  | 41-45 | 638,213 | 105 | 741 | 14.12 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,076,705 | 1,741 | 1,727 | 100.79 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,955,117 | 2,461 | 3,395 | 72.49 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,027,953 | 2,419 | 2,558 | 94.58 |
|  | 61-65 | 750,779 | 770 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 142,313 | 3 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 27,095 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 7,562,675 | 7,623 | 8,795 | 86.67 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 73 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 50,794 | 0 | 4 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 499,351 | 0 | 41 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,186,368 | 291 | 202 | 143.85 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,719,270 | 546 | 1,094 | 49.89 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,312,249 | 2,570 | 2,695 | 95.35 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,343,376 | 8,045 | 6,964 | 115.53 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,210,826 | 9,668 | 12,525 | 77.18 |
|  | 56-60 | 6,366,759 | 6,880 | 8,188 | 84.03 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,025,976 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 334,720 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 67,662 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 26,117,425 | 27,999 | 31,714 | 88.29 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 105 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 59,317 | 0 | 5 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 621,230 | 0 | 52 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,519,825 | 291 | 259 | 112.25 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,199,876 | 669 | 1,399 | 47.83 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,950,463 | 2,674 | 3,436 | 77.83 |
|  | 46-50 | 5,420,081 | 9,786 | 8,691 | 112.60 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,165,944 | 12,129 | 15,921 | 76.18 |
|  | 56-60 | 8,394,712 | 9,299 | 10,746 | 86.54 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,776,755 | 770 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 477,033 | 3 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 94,757 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 33,680,099 | 35,622 | 40,509 | 87.94 |

General State Ordinary Disability Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 537 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 17,202 | 0 | 11 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 97,386 | 0 | 67 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 243,326 | 133 | 228 | 58.23 |
|  | 36-40 | 487,052 | 561 | 696 | 80.59 |
|  | 41-45 | 908,831 | 1,523 | 1,773 | 85.90 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,542,730 | 3,865 | 3,980 | 97.10 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,277,564 | 6,861 | 6,292 | 109.04 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,509,247 | 4,825 | 5,254 | 91.83 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,533,863 | 1,525 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 550,210 | 75 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 154,543 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 10,322,490 | 19,367 | 18,301 | 105.83 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 400 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 20,123 | 0 | 6 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 143,308 | 0 | 45 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 325,231 | 92 | 170 | 54.32 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,497 | 697 | 675 | 103.29 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,327,095 | 2,208 | 2,689 | 82.11 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,290,903 | 4,926 | 6,743 | 73.06 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,882,171 | 10,454 | 10,523 | 99.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,553,034 | 5,067 | 7,680 | 65.98 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,230,556 | 618 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 374,771 | 143 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 84,787 | 477 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 11,842,877 | 24,683 | 28,531 | 86.51 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 937 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 37,325 | 0 | 17 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 240,693 | 0 | 112 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 568,558 | 225 | 398 | 56.55 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,097,549 | 1,258 | 1,371 | 91.77 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,235,926 | 3,731 | 4,462 | 83.61 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,833,633 | 8,791 | 10,724 | 81.98 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,159,735 | 17,315 | 16,815 | 102.97 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,062,281 | 9,892 | 12,934 | 76.48 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,764,419 | 2,143 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 924,981 | 218 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 239,330 | 477 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 22,165,367 | 44,050 | 46,832 | 94.06 |

# Political Subdivisions Ordinary Disability Recommended Assumptions 

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 902 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 34,850 | 0 | 11 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 156,443 | 26 | 50 | 51.06 |
|  | 31-35 | 376,941 | 134 | 121 | 110.24 |
|  | 36-40 | 610,918 | 406 | 353 | 114.92 |
|  | 41-45 | 887,751 | 1,083 | 1,318 | 82.20 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,136,093 | 2,256 | 3,478 | 64.85 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,321,026 | 6,055 | 6,049 | 100.10 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,132,453 | 4,152 | 4,643 | 89.44 |
|  | 61-65 | 600,010 | 169 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 175,905 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 63,326 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,496,618 | 14,281 | 16,024 | 89.12 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 298 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 14,626 | 0 | 5 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 80,840 | 0 | 26 | 0.00 |
|  | 31-35 | 206,248 | 0 | 66 | 0.00 |
|  | 36-40 | 410,127 | 140 | 241 | 58.28 |
|  | 41-45 | 723,833 | 367 | 1,090 | 33.70 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,109,002 | 2,841 | 3,401 | 83.52 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,317,268 | 4,674 | 6,042 | 77.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,225,884 | 4,482 | 4,969 | 90.20 |
|  | 61-65 | 702,734 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 217,732 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 69,498 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,078,089 | 12,504 | 15,840 | 78.94 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 1,201 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 49,476 | 0 | 16 | 0.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 237,282 | 26 | 76 | 33.66 |
|  | 31-35 | 583,189 | 134 | 188 | 71.23 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,021,045 | 546 | 594 | 91.98 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,611,584 | 1,451 | 2,408 | 60.24 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,245,094 | 5,096 | 6,879 | 74.08 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,638,293 | 10,729 | 12,092 | 88.73 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,358,336 | 8,634 | 9,611 | 89.83 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,302,744 | 169 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 66-70 | 393,637 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 132,824 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 12,574,707 | 26,785 | 31,865 | 84.06 |

## Turnover

Nine pages of tables are included to illustrate ratios of actual to expected turnover. A "two-year select and ultimate" approach has been used. That is, separate rates are examined for the first year of participation, the second year of participation, and an aggregate rate (by age and sex) is utilized thereafter. The "ultimate" tables are more important than the "first-year" and "second-year" tables because the "ultimate" tables apply throughout most of an individual's career.

It should be noted that ratios in excess of $100 \%$ are "conservative" with respect to turnover. If turnover is higher than expected, fewer employees will remain until retirement, so fewer benefits will be paid. However, turnover tends to fluctuate with the general condition of the economy, so substantial fluctuations should be expected between high-growth periods (jobs are plentiful, and turnover is high) and low-growth periods (options are limited, and turnover is low).

First-Year: The tables on the following three pages show first-year turnover rates for the three broad categories of employees. The first year ratio for Teachers, State and Political Subdivision employees are 114\%, 91\% and 107\% respectively.

Second-Year: Ratios for the second year for Teachers, State and Political Subdivision groups were respectively $108 \%, 90 \%$ and $113 \%$ following a pattern that is similar to that of first year ratios.

Ultimate: Ratios for ultimate termination for Teachers, State and Political Subdivisions are 98\%, 101\% and 113\% respectively. Even though the State group's ratio was $101 \%$, there was still some degree of variability among males and females.

Teachers
1st Year Withdrawal Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 922 | 152 | 166 | 91.77 |
|  | 26-30 | 1,489 | 269 | 268 | 100.22 |
|  | 31-35 | 896 | 228 | 161 | 141.38 |
|  | 36-40 | 810 | 120 | 146 | 82.42 |
|  | 41-45 | 670 | 106 | 121 | 87.51 |
|  | 46-50 | 860 | 194 | 155 | 125.43 |
|  | 51-55 | 485 | 84 | 87 | 95.98 |
|  | 56-60 | 709 | 303 | 128 | 237.54 |
|  | 61-65 | 274 | 115 | 45 | 258.58 |
|  | 66-70 | 62 | 49 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 21 | 18 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 7,200 | 1,638 | 1,276 | 128.38 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 4,425 | 712 | 797 | 89.45 |
|  | 26-30 | 4,641 | 874 | 835 | 104.61 |
|  | 31-35 | 3,170 | 601 | 571 | 105.33 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,679 | 432 | 482 | 89.56 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,547 | 413 | 458 | 90.19 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,972 | 438 | 355 | 123.30 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,531 | 336 | 276 | 121.75 |
|  | 56-60 | 998 | 281 | 180 | 156.20 |
|  | 61-65 | 378 | 215 | 64 | 334.43 |
|  | 66-70 | 82 | 67 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 8 | 6 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 22,437 | 4,374 | 4,019 | 108.85 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 5,348 | 865 | 963 | 89.85 |
|  | 26-30 | 6,130 | 1,143 | 1,103 | 103.55 |
|  | 31-35 | 4,066 | 829 | 732 | 113.27 |
|  | 36-40 | 3,490 | 552 | 628 | 87.90 |
|  | 41-45 | 3,217 | 519 | 579 | 89.63 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,831 | 632 | 510 | 123.95 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,016 | 419 | 363 | 115.55 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,707 | 584 | 307 | 189.97 |
|  | 61-65 | 652 | 330 | 109 | 303.35 |
|  | 66-70 | 144 | 117 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 29 | 24 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 29,636 | 6,012 | 5,295 | 113.56 |

General State 1st Year Withdrawal Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 373 | 110 | 124 | 88.15 |
|  | 21-25 | 2,370 | 619 | 648 | 95.48 |
|  | 26-30 | 3,520 | 718 | 883 | 81.34 |
|  | 31-35 | 3,322 | 605 | 766 | 78.93 |
|  | 36-40 | 3,212 | 571 | 679 | 84.05 |
|  | 41-45 | 3,129 | 472 | 603 | 78.17 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,989 | 350 | 515 | 67.98 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,287 | 344 | 542 | 63.41 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,922 | 340 | 482 | 70.49 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,224 | 378 | 202 | 187.09 |
|  | 66-70 | 418 | 134 | 69 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 43 | 13 | 4 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 26,808 | 4,652 | 5,517 | 84.31 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 250 | 89 | 83 | 106.97 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,260 | 842 | 881 | 95.60 |
|  | 26-30 | 5,106 | 1,220 | 1,282 | 95.22 |
|  | 31-35 | 5,119 | 1,111 | 1,182 | 94.06 |
|  | 36-40 | 4,498 | 825 | 954 | 86.48 |
|  | 41-45 | 4,824 | 766 | 927 | 82.58 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,961 | 765 | 858 | 89.13 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,860 | 545 | 637 | 85.63 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,914 | 512 | 481 | 106.53 |
|  | 61-65 | 975 | 359 | 161 | 223.07 |
|  | 66-70 | 277 | 110 | 46 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 31 | 13 | 3 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 36,075 | 7,159 | 7,495 | 95.51 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 623 | 198 | 207 | 95.69 |
|  | 21-25 | 5,630 | 1,461 | 1,529 | 95.55 |
|  | 26-30 | 8,626 | 1,938 | 2,164 | 89.56 |
|  | 31-35 | 8,441 | 1,716 | 1,948 | 88.11 |
|  | 36-40 | 7,710 | 1,396 | 1,633 | 85.47 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,954 | 1,237 | 1,531 | 80.84 |
|  | 46-50 | 7,950 | 1,115 | 1,374 | 81.19 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,146 | 889 | 1,179 | 75.41 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,836 | 852 | 963 | 88.49 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,199 | 737 | 363 | 203.04 |
|  | 66-70 | 695 | 244 | 115 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 74 | 27 | 7 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 62,883 | 11,811 | 13,012 | 90.77 |

Political Subdivisions 1st Year Withdrawal Old Assumptions

|  |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE | 16-20 | 513 | 128 | 133 | 96.41 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,764 | 815 | 875 | 93.19 |
|  | 26-30 | 3,907 | 710 | 855 | 83.04 |
|  | 31-35 | 3,674 | 682 | 762 | 89.43 |
|  | 36-40 | 3,229 | 551 | 635 | 86.78 |
|  | 41-45 | 3,179 | 574 | 590 | 97.30 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,792 | 467 | 486 | 96.01 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,306 | 376 | 379 | 99.23 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,759 | 395 | 287 | 137.66 |
|  | 61-65 | 883 | 230 | 120 | 191.10 |
|  | 66-70 | 400 | 150 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 73 | 18 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 26,479 | 5,096 | 5,122 | 99.48 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 194 | 61 | 50 | 122.60 |
|  | 21-25 | 2,412 | 727 | 556 | 130.58 |
|  | 26-30 | 3,530 | 917 | 772 | 118.67 |
|  | 31-35 | 4,082 | 936 | 846 | 110.54 |
|  | 36-40 | 4,982 | 1,016 | 979 | 103.74 |
|  | 41-45 | 4,723 | 917 | 875 | 104.76 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,365 | 828 | 761 | 108.75 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,169 | 565 | 521 | 108.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,955 | 350 | 319 | 109.84 |
|  | 61-65 | 708 | 222 | 103 | 214.73 |
|  | 66-70 | 150 | 46 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 53 | 18 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 30,323 | 6,602 | 5,784 | 114.13 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 706 | 189 | 183 | 103.58 |
|  | 21-25 | 6,176 | 1,542 | 1,431 | 107.73 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,437 | 1,627 | 1,628 | 99.95 |
|  | 31-35 | 7,756 | 1,617 | 1,609 | 100.54 |
|  | 36-40 | 8,211 | 1,567 | 1,615 | 97.07 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,902 | 1,490 | 1,465 | 101.76 |
|  | 46-50 | 7,157 | 1,295 | 1,247 | 103.78 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,476 | 941 | 901 | 104.51 |
|  | 56-60 | 3,714 | 745 | 606 | 123.02 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,591 | 452 | 224 | 202.01 |
|  | 66-70 | 551 | 196 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 126 | 35 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 56,802 | 11,698 | 10,907 | 107.25 |

Teachers
2nd Year Withdrawal Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,636 | 439 | 491 | 89.45 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,846 | 1,117 | 1,059 | 105.45 |
|  | 31-35 | 4,270 | 516 | 576 | 89.60 |
|  | 36-40 | 4,183 | 642 | 565 | 113.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,999 | 448 | 405 | 110.69 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,908 | 423 | 393 | 107.63 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,926 | 539 | 395 | 136.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,364 | 759 | 319 | 237.92 |
|  | 61-65 | 932 | 431 | 112 | 385.53 |
|  | 66-70 | 155 | 124 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 19 | 13 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 32,246 | 5,451 | 4,316 | 126.32 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 21 | 0 | 3 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 19,981 | 2,019 | 2,697 | 74.86 |
|  | 26-30 | 25,920 | 3,727 | 3,499 | 106.52 |
|  | 31-35 | 15,552 | 2,258 | 2,099 | 107.55 |
|  | 36-40 | 13,013 | 1,278 | 1,757 | 72.76 |
|  | 41-45 | 11,118 | 1,320 | 1,501 | 87.97 |
|  | 46-50 | 9,596 | 1,126 | 1,295 | 86.92 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,028 | 1,048 | 949 | 110.49 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,063 | 1,524 | 684 | 222.98 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,166 | 470 | 152 | 308.89 |
|  | 66-70 | 343 | 206 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 29 | 12 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 108,830 | 14,989 | 14,636 | 102.41 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 28 | 0 | 4 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 23,617 | 2,458 | 3,188 | 77.11 |
|  | 26-30 | 33,765 | 4,844 | 4,558 | 106.27 |
|  | 31-35 | 19,821 | 2,774 | 2,676 | 103.68 |
|  | 36-40 | 17,196 | 1,920 | 2,321 | 82.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 14,117 | 1,768 | 1,906 | 92.80 |
|  | 46-50 | 12,505 | 1,549 | 1,688 | 91.73 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,955 | 1,587 | 1,344 | 118.10 |
|  | 56-60 | 7,427 | 2,283 | 1,003 | 227.74 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,098 | 901 | 264 | 341.37 |
|  | 66-70 | 498 | 330 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 48 | 25 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 141,076 | 20,441 | 18,952 | 107.85 |

General State 2nd Year Withdrawal Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 149 | 45 | 41 | 109.80 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,665 | 802 | 892 | 89.90 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,946 | 1,433 | 1,690 | 84.82 |
|  | 31-35 | 7,300 | 1,225 | 1,332 | 91.97 |
|  | 36-40 | 7,051 | 936 | 1,123 | 83.36 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,026 | 879 | 995 | 88.29 |
|  | 46-50 | 6,870 | 593 | 897 | 66.04 |
|  | 51-55 | 6,417 | 569 | 799 | 71.16 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,429 | 721 | 664 | 108.53 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,939 | 661 | 359 | 184.26 |
|  | 66-70 | 725 | 346 | 88 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 73 | 46 | 8 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 55,589 | 8,255 | 8,888 | 92.87 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 139 | 32 | 38 | 85.77 |
|  | 21-25 | 4,925 | 1,055 | 1,184 | 89.08 |
|  | 26-30 | 11,490 | 2,075 | 2,445 | 84.87 |
|  | 31-35 | 11,628 | 1,568 | 2,120 | 73.98 |
|  | 36-40 | 11,290 | 1,465 | 1,801 | 81.32 |
|  | 41-45 | 11,393 | 1,422 | 1,614 | 88.09 |
|  | 46-50 | 11,450 | 1,268 | 1,496 | 84.78 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,052 | 789 | 1,128 | 69.98 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,597 | 784 | 685 | 114.49 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,969 | 493 | 241 | 205.15 |
|  | 66-70 | 576 | 234 | 70 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 93 | 69 | 9 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 79,603 | 11,255 | 12,830 | 87.72 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 288 | 77 | 78 | 98.22 |
|  | 21-25 | 8,590 | 1,857 | 2,076 | 89.44 |
|  | 26-30 | 19,436 | 3,508 | 4,134 | 84.85 |
|  | 31-35 | 18,928 | 2,793 | 3,451 | 80.92 |
|  | 36-40 | 18,341 | 2,401 | 2,924 | 82.11 |
|  | 41-45 | 18,419 | 2,300 | 2,609 | 88.16 |
|  | 46-50 | 18,320 | 1,861 | 2,393 | 77.76 |
|  | 51-55 | 15,469 | 1,358 | 1,927 | 70.47 |
|  | 56-60 | 11,026 | 1,505 | 1,349 | 111.55 |
|  | 61-65 | 4,909 | 1,155 | 599 | 192.64 |
|  | 66-70 | 1,301 | 580 | 159 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 165 | 115 | 17 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 135,192 | 19,510 | 21,718 | 89.83 |

Political Subdivisions 2nd Year Withdrawal Old Assumptions

|  |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE | 16-20 | 329 | 50 | 71 | 69.71 |
|  | 21-25 | 6,601 | 1,121 | 1,262 | 88.80 |
|  | 26-30 | 8,687 | 1,402 | 1,542 | 90.91 |
|  | 31-35 | 8,272 | 1,389 | 1,365 | 101.81 |
|  | 36-40 | 7,524 | 1,162 | 1,150 | 101.05 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,165 | 1,152 | 1,004 | 114.82 |
|  | 46-50 | 6,323 | 919 | 806 | 113.92 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,785 | 659 | 675 | 97.66 |
|  | 56-60 | 4,104 | 716 | 472 | 151.60 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,194 | 524 | 226 | 231.59 |
|  | 66-70 | 768 | 152 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 188 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 57,941 | 9,299 | 8,574 | 108.45 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 101 | 42 | 22 | 194.43 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,398 | 863 | 644 | 133.99 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,114 | 1,474 | 1,263 | 116.73 |
|  | 31-35 | 9,810 | 1,727 | 1,612 | 107.10 |
|  | 36-40 | 11,173 | 1,787 | 1,703 | 104.94 |
|  | 41-45 | 11,547 | 1,565 | 1,617 | 96.78 |
|  | 46-50 | 10,766 | 1,909 | 1,375 | 138.80 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,728 | 1,006 | 901 | 111.70 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,395 | 809 | 620 | 130.44 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,802 | 329 | 189 | 174.03 |
|  | 66-70 | 411 | 109 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 63 | 26 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 69,306 | 11,647 | 9,947 | 117.09 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 430 | 92 | 93 | 98.84 |
|  | 21-25 | 9,999 | 1,984 | 1,907 | 104.07 |
|  | 26-30 | 15,801 | 2,876 | 2,805 | 102.54 |
|  | 31-35 | 18,082 | 3,116 | 2,977 | 104.68 |
|  | 36-40 | 18,697 | 2,949 | 2,853 | 103.37 |
|  | 41-45 | 18,711 | 2,717 | 2,621 | 103.69 |
|  | 46-50 | 17,089 | 2,828 | 2,182 | 129.61 |
|  | 51-55 | 13,512 | 1,665 | 1,576 | 105.69 |
|  | 56-60 | 9,500 | 1,525 | 1,092 | 139.58 |
|  | 61-65 | 3,996 | 853 | 415 | 205.40 |
|  | 66-70 | 1,179 | 261 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 251 | 78 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 127,247 | 20,945 | 18,520 | 113.09 |

Teachers
Ultimate Withdrawal Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 25 | 0 | 2 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,965 | 371 | 336 | 110.44 |
|  | 26-30 | 112,544 | 6,988 | 7,660 | 91.22 |
|  | 31-35 | 328,291 | 14,003 | 15,376 | 91.07 |
|  | 36-40 | 475,613 | 12,216 | 13,305 | 91.82 |
|  | 41-45 | 634,326 | 12,440 | 10,019 | 124.17 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,006,756 | 15,848 | 15,376 | 103.07 |
|  | 51-55 | 809,220 | 20,193 | 20,891 | 96.66 |
|  | 56-60 | 242,761 | 10,382 | 10,020 | 103.62 |
|  | 61-65 | 586 | 159 | 28 | 558.78 |
|  | 66-70 | 188 | 117 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 14 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 3,614,288 | 92,717 | 93,012 | 99.68 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 47 | 9 | 5 | 181.67 |
|  | 21-25 | 26,388 | 2,877 | 2,632 | 109.32 |
|  | 26-30 | 468,791 | 40,166 | 39,385 | 101.98 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,167,646 | 62,445 | 69,847 | 89.40 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,703,577 | 50,415 | 61,342 | 82.19 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,298,585 | 36,169 | 39,993 | 90.44 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,009,894 | 52,946 | 51,153 | 103.50 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,475,171 | 97,464 | 89,750 | 108.60 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,257,010 | 59,983 | 59,283 | 101.18 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,172 | 327 | 48 | 687.01 |
|  | 66-70 | 263 | 157 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 29 | 29 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 14,408,574 | 402,987 | 413,438 | 97.47 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 72 | 9 | 7 | 122.04 |
|  | 21-25 | 30,352 | 3,248 | 2,968 | 109.45 |
|  | 26-30 | 581,335 | 47,154 | 47,045 | 100.23 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,495,938 | 76,448 | 85,223 | 89.70 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,179,190 | 62,631 | 74,647 | 83.90 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,932,911 | 48,609 | 50,011 | 97.20 |
|  | 46-50 | 5,016,650 | 68,794 | 66,529 | 103.40 |
|  | 51-55 | 4,284,391 | 117,657 | 110,640 | 106.34 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,499,771 | 70,365 | 69,303 | 101.53 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,758 | 486 | 76 | 639.11 |
|  | 66-70 | 451 | 274 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 43 | 29 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 18,022,862 | 495,704 | 506,450 | 97.88 |

General State Ultimate Withdrawal Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 11,167 | 1,840 | 1,652 | 111.40 |
|  | 26-30 | 85,920 | 8,662 | 9,075 | 95.46 |
|  | 31-35 | 232,705 | 14,025 | 14,614 | 95.97 |
|  | 36-40 | 476,790 | 18,565 | 15,507 | 119.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 898,351 | 23,611 | 18,930 | 124.73 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,332,567 | 22,621 | 25,252 | 89.58 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,265,885 | 31,084 | 26,136 | 118.93 |
|  | 56-60 | 474,753 | 18,400 | 16,451 | 111.85 |
|  | 61-65 | 13,152 | 367 | 550 | 66.80 |
|  | 66-70 | 665 | 204 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 23 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 4,791,991 | 139,379 | 128,168 | 108.75 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 148.93 |
|  | 21-25 | 11,938 | 1,948 | 1,941 | 100.34 |
|  | 26-30 | 126,712 | 13,037 | 15,809 | 82.47 |
|  | 31-35 | 308,484 | 20,581 | 25,051 | 82.16 |
|  | 36-40 | 594,709 | 27,401 | 26,701 | 102.62 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,310,877 | 32,193 | 34,672 | 92.85 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,910,632 | 41,109 | 42,003 | 97.87 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,714,832 | 50,528 | 49,027 | 103.06 |
|  | 56-60 | 584,947 | 25,157 | 24,910 | 100.99 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,126 | 764 | 98 | 783.12 |
|  | 66-70 | 199 | 82 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 95 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,565,561 | 212,856 | 220,213 | 96.66 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 25 | 3 | 5 | 68.58 |
|  | 21-25 | 23,105 | 3,788 | 3,593 | 105.42 |
|  | 26-30 | 212,632 | 21,700 | 24,883 | 87.21 |
|  | 31-35 | 541,188 | 34,606 | 39,665 | 87.25 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,071,499 | 45,966 | 42,207 | 108.91 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,209,229 | 55,804 | 53,602 | 104.11 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,243,198 | 63,731 | 67,256 | 94.76 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,980,717 | 81,613 | 75,163 | 108.58 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,059,700 | 43,556 | 41,361 | 105.31 |
|  | 61-65 | 15,277 | 1,131 | 647 | 174.77 |
|  | 66-70 | 864 | 285 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 117 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 11,357,552 | 352,235 | 348,381 | 101.11 |

## Political Subdivisions

 Ultimate Withdrawal Old Assumptions| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 60 | 3 | 8 | 30.84 |
|  | 21-25 | 24,485 | 2,721 | 2,618 | 103.93 |
|  | 26-30 | 143,849 | 11,879 | 11,408 | 104.12 |
|  | 31-35 | 364,995 | 23,322 | 19,672 | 118.55 |
|  | 36-40 | 600,165 | 25,965 | 21,999 | 118.03 |
|  | 41-45 | 877,116 | 28,464 | 24,006 | 118.57 |
|  | 46-50 | 989,175 | 27,618 | 25,975 | 106.33 |
|  | 51-55 | 905,687 | 27,130 | 28,458 | 95.33 |
|  | 56-60 | 305,384 | 14,508 | 11,509 | 126.06 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,464 | 304 | 53 | 573.59 |
|  | 66-70 | 521 | 137 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 133 | 36 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 4,213,034 | 162,086 | 145,707 | 111.24 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 490.69 |
|  | 21-25 | 8,816 | 1,276 | 1,431 | 89.22 |
|  | 26-30 | 70,196 | 9,020 | 8,574 | 105.19 |
|  | 31-35 | 192,356 | 17,386 | 15,982 | 108.78 |
|  | 36-40 | 393,972 | 26,276 | 22,260 | 118.04 |
|  | 41-45 | 707,564 | 34,441 | 29,370 | 117.27 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,011,424 | 41,615 | 36,971 | 112.56 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,078,615 | 46,158 | 40,159 | 114.94 |
|  | 56-60 | 410,620 | 20,897 | 17,807 | 117.35 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,394 | 183 | 57 | 322.93 |
|  | 66-70 | 394 | 106 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 75 | 25 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 3,875,431 | 197,386 | 172,612 | 114.35 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 65 | 7 | 9 | 73.33 |
|  | 21-25 | 33,302 | 3,997 | 4,049 | 98.73 |
|  | 26-30 | 214,045 | 20,898 | 19,983 | 104.58 |
|  | 31-35 | 557,351 | 40,708 | 35,655 | 114.17 |
|  | 36-40 | 994,136 | 52,241 | 44,259 | 118.04 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,584,680 | 62,906 | 53,376 | 117.85 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,000,599 | 69,233 | 62,946 | 109.99 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,984,302 | 73,288 | 68,617 | 106.81 |
|  | 56-60 | 716,004 | 35,405 | 29,316 | 120.77 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,858 | 486 | 110 | 444.20 |
|  | 66-70 | 915 | 242 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 208 | 60 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 8,088,465 | 359,472 | 318,319 | 112.93 |

## DEMOCRAPHC ASSUMPIIONS

Recommendation: Adjustments are recommended for the first and second year withdrawal rates for all groups in order to develop ratios closer to $100 \%$. Where variability was noted from prior study periods, the modified table is based on a blend of current experience and the prior assumption.

Changes in ultimate turnover rates for all three groups are also recommended for both males and females. Recommended tables improve total ratios for ultimate turnover for both males and females to approximately 100\% for the Teachers and State groups. These two groups have shown consistent experience over the last two study periods and only required small modifications as a result of the current study.

The old ultimate turnover assumption for the Political Subdivision group produced results in excess of 100\% (more turnover than expected). However, the results from the 2004 study indicated that the Political Subdivision group experienced less turnover than expected (less than $100 \%$ ). Since there has been variability in this result over recent study periods, the recommended table is based on a blend of current experience and the prior assumption for the Political Subdivision group.

Teachers
1st Year Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 922 | 152 | 166 | 91.77 |
|  | 26-30 | 1,489 | 269 | 268 | 100.22 |
|  | 31-35 | 896 | 228 | 161 | 141.38 |
|  | 36-40 | 810 | 120 | 146 | 82.42 |
|  | 41-45 | 670 | 106 | 122 | 86.89 |
|  | 46-50 | 860 | 194 | 164 | 118.32 |
|  | 51-55 | 485 | 84 | 101 | 82.69 |
|  | 56-60 | 709 | 303 | 168 | 179.86 |
|  | 61-65 | 274 | 115 | 76 | 152.43 |
|  | 66-70 | 62 | 49 | 17 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 21 | 18 | 1 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 7,200 | 1,638 | 1,391 | 117.79 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 4,425 | 712 | 797 | 89.45 |
|  | 26-30 | 4,641 | 874 | 835 | 104.61 |
|  | 31-35 | 3,170 | 601 | 571 | 105.33 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,679 | 432 | 482 | 89.56 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,547 | 413 | 462 | 89.58 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,972 | 438 | 376 | 116.36 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,531 | 336 | 323 | 104.01 |
|  | 56-60 | 998 | 281 | 237 | 118.42 |
|  | 61-65 | 378 | 215 | 103 | 208.98 |
|  | 66-70 | 82 | 67 | 23 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 8 | 6 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 22,437 | 4,374 | 4,209 | 103.93 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 5,348 | 865 | 963 | 89.85 |
|  | 26-30 | 6,130 | 1,143 | 1,103 | 103.55 |
|  | 31-35 | 4,066 | 829 | 732 | 113.27 |
|  | 36-40 | 3,490 | 552 | 628 | 87.90 |
|  | 41-45 | 3,217 | 519 | 583 | 89.02 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,831 | 632 | 540 | 116.96 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,016 | 419 | 424 | 98.91 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,707 | 584 | 405 | 143.95 |
|  | 61-65 | 652 | 330 | 178 | 185.01 |
|  | 66-70 | 144 | 117 | 40 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 29 | 24 | 1 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 29,636 | 6,012 | 5,600 | 107.37 |

## General State 1st Year Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 373 | 110 | 114 | 96.02 |
|  | 21-25 | 2,370 | 619 | 621 | 99.68 |
|  | 26-30 | 3,520 | 718 | 842 | 85.26 |
|  | 31-35 | 3,322 | 605 | 718 | 84.20 |
|  | 36-40 | 3,212 | 571 | 625 | 91.30 |
|  | 41-45 | 3,129 | 472 | 544 | 86.70 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,989 | 350 | 460 | 76.16 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,287 | 344 | 491 | 69.96 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,922 | 340 | 484 | 70.16 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,224 | 378 | 249 | 151.88 |
|  | 66-70 | 418 | 134 | 110 | 121.39 |
|  | 71-75 | 43 | 13 | 6 | 232.32 |
|  | TOTAL | 26,808 | 4,652 | 5,265 | 88.37 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 250 | 89 | 76 | 116.55 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,260 | 842 | 847 | 99.41 |
|  | 26-30 | 5,106 | 1,220 | 1,223 | 99.77 |
|  | 31-35 | 5,119 | 1,111 | 1,108 | 100.33 |
|  | 36-40 | 4,498 | 825 | 879 | 93.86 |
|  | 41-45 | 4,824 | 766 | 835 | 91.66 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,961 | 765 | 766 | 99.86 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,860 | 545 | 576 | 94.61 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,914 | 512 | 478 | 107.11 |
|  | 61-65 | 975 | 359 | 203 | 177.04 |
|  | 66-70 | 277 | 110 | 73 | 150.35 |
|  | 71-75 | 31 | 13 | 5 | 258.00 |
|  | TOTAL | 36,075 | 7,159 | 7,071 | 101.24 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 623 | 198 | 190 | 104.25 |
|  | 21-25 | 5,630 | 1,461 | 1,468 | 99.52 |
|  | 26-30 | 8,626 | 1,938 | 2,065 | 93.85 |
|  | 31-35 | 8,441 | 1,716 | 1,826 | 93.98 |
|  | 36-40 | 7,710 | 1,396 | 1,504 | 92.80 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,954 | 1,237 | 1,379 | 89.71 |
|  | 46-50 | 7,950 | 1,115 | 1,226 | 90.97 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,146 | 889 | 1,068 | 83.27 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,836 | 852 | 963 | 88.52 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,199 | 737 | 451 | 163.18 |
|  | 66-70 | 695 | 244 | 183 | 132.92 |
|  | 71-75 | 74 | 27 | 11 | 244.62 |
|  | TOTAL | 62,883 | 11,811 | 12,335 | 95.75 |

## Political Subdivisions <br> 1st Year Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 513 | 128 | 136 | 94.08 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,764 | 815 | 899 | 90.66 |
|  | 26-30 | 3,907 | 710 | 871 | 81.56 |
|  | 31-35 | 3,674 | 682 | 777 | 87.79 |
|  | 36-40 | 3,229 | 551 | 641 | 86.05 |
|  | 41-45 | 3,179 | 574 | 581 | 98.71 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,792 | 467 | 479 | 97.53 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,306 | 376 | 394 | 95.63 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,759 | 395 | 334 | 118.17 |
|  | 61-65 | 883 | 230 | 207 | 111.45 |
|  | 66-70 | 400 | 150 | 105 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 73 | 18 | 6 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 26,479 | 5,096 | 5,429 | 93.87 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 194 | 61 | 51 | 119.62 |
|  | 21-25 | 2,412 | 727 | 572 | 127.14 |
|  | 26-30 | 3,530 | 917 | 786 | 116.56 |
|  | 31-35 | 4,082 | 936 | 862 | 108.52 |
|  | 36-40 | 4,982 | 1,016 | 988 | 102.90 |
|  | 41-45 | 4,723 | 917 | 862 | 106.31 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,365 | 828 | 749 | 110.52 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,169 | 565 | 541 | 104.37 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,955 | 350 | 368 | 95.24 |
|  | 61-65 | 708 | 222 | 163 | 135.94 |
|  | 66-70 | 150 | 46 | 40 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 53 | 18 | 8 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 30,323 | 6,602 | 5,990 | 110.21 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 706 | 189 | 187 | 101.08 |
|  | 21-25 | 6,176 | 1,542 | 1,470 | 104.84 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,437 | 1,627 | 1,657 | 98.17 |
|  | 31-35 | 7,756 | 1,617 | 1,639 | 98.70 |
|  | 36-40 | 8,211 | 1,567 | 1,628 | 96.27 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,902 | 1,490 | 1,443 | 103.25 |
|  | 46-50 | 7,157 | 1,295 | 1,228 | 105.46 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,476 | 941 | 935 | 100.69 |
|  | 56-60 | 3,714 | 745 | 702 | 106.16 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,591 | 452 | 370 | 122.26 |
|  | 66-70 | 551 | 196 | 145 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 126 | 35 | 15 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 56,802 | 11,698 | 11,419 | 102.44 |

Teachers
2nd Year Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,636 | 439 | 491 | 89.45 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,846 | 1,117 | 1,059 | 105.45 |
|  | 31-35 | 4,270 | 516 | 576 | 89.60 |
|  | 36-40 | 4,183 | 642 | 565 | 113.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,999 | 448 | 405 | 110.69 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,908 | 423 | 399 | 105.98 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,926 | 539 | 456 | 118.23 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,364 | 759 | 454 | 167.41 |
|  | 61-65 | 932 | 431 | 218 | 198.08 |
|  | 66-70 | 155 | 124 | 36 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 19 | 13 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 32,246 | 5,451 | 4,659 | 117.01 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 21 | 0 | 3 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 19,981 | 2,019 | 2,697 | 74.86 |
|  | 26-30 | 25,920 | 3,727 | 3,499 | 106.52 |
|  | 31-35 | 15,552 | 2,258 | 2,099 | 107.55 |
|  | 36-40 | 13,013 | 1,278 | 1,757 | 72.76 |
|  | 41-45 | 11,118 | 1,320 | 1,501 | 87.97 |
|  | 46-50 | 9,596 | 1,126 | 1,316 | 85.54 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,028 | 1,048 | 1,091 | 96.06 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,063 | 1,524 | 965 | 157.89 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,166 | 470 | 272 | 172.73 |
|  | 66-70 | 343 | 206 | 81 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 29 | 12 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 108,830 | 14,989 | 15,282 | 98.08 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 28 | 0 | 4 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 23,617 | 2,458 | 3,188 | 77.11 |
|  | 26-30 | 33,765 | 4,844 | 4,558 | 106.27 |
|  | 31-35 | 19,821 | 2,774 | 2,676 | 103.68 |
|  | 36-40 | 17,196 | 1,920 | 2,321 | 82.72 |
|  | 41-45 | 14,117 | 1,768 | 1,906 | 92.80 |
|  | 46-50 | 12,505 | 1,549 | 1,715 | 90.29 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,955 | 1,587 | 1,547 | 102.59 |
|  | 56-60 | 7,427 | 2,283 | 1,419 | 160.93 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,098 | 901 | 490 | 184.00 |
|  | 66-70 | 498 | 330 | 117 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 48 | 25 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 141,076 | 20,441 | 19,941 | 102.50 |

General State
2nd Year Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 149 | 45 | 37 | 121.07 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,665 | 802 | 814 | 98.53 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,946 | 1,433 | 1,562 | 91.76 |
|  | 31-35 | 7,300 | 1,225 | 1,243 | 98.54 |
|  | 36-40 | 7,051 | 936 | 1,038 | 90.18 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,026 | 879 | 891 | 98.58 |
|  | 46-50 | 6,870 | 593 | 782 | 75.80 |
|  | 51-55 | 6,417 | 569 | 722 | 78.80 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,429 | 721 | 704 | 102.47 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,939 | 661 | 505 | 131.01 |
|  | 66-70 | 725 | 346 | 161 | 214.89 |
|  | 71-75 | 73 | 46 | 14 | 322.33 |
|  | TOTAL | 55,589 | 8,255 | 8,472 | 97.44 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 139 | 32 | 34 | 94.57 |
|  | 21-25 | 4,925 | 1,055 | 1,081 | 97.54 |
|  | 26-30 | 11,490 | 2,075 | 2,260 | 91.81 |
|  | 31-35 | 11,628 | 1,568 | 1,978 | 79.26 |
|  | 36-40 | 11,290 | 1,465 | 1,666 | 87.95 |
|  | 41-45 | 11,393 | 1,422 | 1,445 | 98.37 |
|  | 46-50 | 11,450 | 1,268 | 1,304 | 97.31 |
|  | 51-55 | 9,052 | 789 | 1,016 | 77.71 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,597 | 784 | 719 | 109.12 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,969 | 493 | 337 | 146.56 |
|  | 66-70 | 576 | 234 | 128 | 182.67 |
|  | 71-75 | 93 | 69 | 16 | 428.35 |
|  | TOTAL | 79,603 | 11,255 | 11,983 | 93.92 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 288 | 77 | 71 | 108.30 |
|  | 21-25 | 8,590 | 1,857 | 1,895 | 97.97 |
|  | 26-30 | 19,436 | 3,508 | 3,822 | 91.79 |
|  | 31-35 | 18,928 | 2,793 | 3,221 | 86.70 |
|  | 36-40 | 18,341 | 2,401 | 2,703 | 88.81 |
|  | 41-45 | 18,419 | 2,300 | 2,337 | 98.45 |
|  | 46-50 | 18,320 | 1,861 | 2,085 | 89.25 |
|  | 51-55 | 15,469 | 1,358 | 1,737 | 78.16 |
|  | 56-60 | 11,026 | 1,505 | 1,422 | 105.83 |
|  | 61-65 | 4,909 | 1,155 | 842 | 137.23 |
|  | 66-70 | 1,301 | 580 | 289 | 200.62 |
|  | 71-75 | 165 | 115 | 30 | 378.76 |
|  | TOTAL | 135,192 | 19,510 | 20,455 | 95.38 |

## Political Subdivisions <br> 2nd Year Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 329 | 50 | 72 | 69.21 |
|  | 21-25 | 6,601 | 1,121 | 1,305 | 85.87 |
|  | 26-30 | 8,687 | 1,402 | 1,578 | 88.83 |
|  | 31-35 | 8,272 | 1,389 | 1,436 | 96.74 |
|  | 36-40 | 7,524 | 1,162 | 1,232 | 94.37 |
|  | 41-45 | 7,165 | 1,152 | 1,059 | 108.84 |
|  | 46-50 | 6,323 | 919 | 848 | 108.33 |
|  | 51-55 | 5,785 | 659 | 745 | 88.48 |
|  | 56-60 | 4,104 | 716 | 574 | 124.75 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,194 | 524 | 366 | 143.42 |
|  | 66-70 | 768 | 152 | 162 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 188 | 53 | 15 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 57,941 | 9,299 | 9,391 | 99.01 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 101 | 42 | 22 | 192.89 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,398 | 863 | 667 | 129.44 |
|  | 26-30 | 7,114 | 1,474 | 1,292 | 114.04 |
|  | 31-35 | 9,810 | 1,727 | 1,699 | 101.65 |
|  | 36-40 | 11,173 | 1,787 | 1,824 | 97.95 |
|  | 41-45 | 11,547 | 1,565 | 1,706 | 91.76 |
|  | 46-50 | 10,766 | 1,909 | 1,446 | 132.05 |
|  | 51-55 | 7,728 | 1,006 | 995 | 101.16 |
|  | 56-60 | 5,395 | 809 | 747 | 108.31 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,802 | 329 | 302 | 109.00 |
|  | 66-70 | 411 | 109 | 87 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 63 | 26 | 5 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 69,306 | 11,647 | 10,791 | 107.93 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 430 | 92 | 94 | 98.12 |
|  | 21-25 | 9,999 | 1,984 | 1,972 | 100.60 |
|  | 26-30 | 15,801 | 2,876 | 2,871 | 100.18 |
|  | 31-35 | 18,082 | 3,116 | 3,135 | 99.40 |
|  | 36-40 | 18,697 | 2,949 | 3,056 | 96.51 |
|  | 41-45 | 18,711 | 2,717 | 2,764 | 98.30 |
|  | 46-50 | 17,089 | 2,828 | 2,294 | 123.28 |
|  | 51-55 | 13,512 | 1,665 | 1,739 | 95.73 |
|  | 56-60 | 9,500 | 1,525 | 1,321 | 115.45 |
|  | 61-65 | 3,996 | 853 | 667 | 127.85 |
|  | 66-70 | 1,179 | 261 | 249 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 251 | 78 | 20 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 127,247 | 20,945 | 20,182 | 103.78 |

Teachers
Ultimate Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 25 | 0 | 3 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 3,965 | 371 | 339 | 109.30 |
|  | 26-30 | 112,544 | 6,988 | 7,506 | 93.09 |
|  | 31-35 | 328,291 | 14,003 | 14,443 | 96.95 |
|  | 36-40 | 475,613 | 12,216 | 12,186 | 100.25 |
|  | 41-45 | 634,326 | 12,440 | 9,992 | 124.50 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,006,756 | 15,848 | 17,298 | 91.62 |
|  | 51-55 | 809,220 | 20,193 | 20,997 | 96.17 |
|  | 56-60 | 242,761 | 10,382 | 9,045 | 114.78 |
|  | 61-65 | 586 | 159 | 28 | 558.78 |
|  | 66-70 | 188 | 117 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 14 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 3,614,288 | 92,717 | 91,837 | 100.96 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 47 | 9 | 5 | 181.67 |
|  | 21-25 | 26,388 | 2,877 | 2,654 | 108.42 |
|  | 26-30 | 468,791 | 40,166 | 39,167 | 102.55 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,167,646 | 62,445 | 65,899 | 94.76 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,703,577 | 50,415 | 53,064 | 95.01 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,298,585 | 36,169 | 32,403 | 111.62 |
|  | 46-50 | 4,009,894 | 52,946 | 52,110 | 101.60 |
|  | 51-55 | 3,475,171 | 97,464 | 96,910 | 100.57 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,257,010 | 59,983 | 59,553 | 100.72 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,172 | 327 | 48 | 687.01 |
|  | 66-70 | 263 | 157 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 29 | 29 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 14,408,574 | 402,987 | 401,811 | 100.29 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 72 | 9 | 7 | 120.74 |
|  | 21-25 | 30,352 | 3,248 | 2,993 | 108.52 |
|  | 26-30 | 581,335 | 47,154 | 46,673 | 101.03 |
|  | 31-35 | 1,495,938 | 76,448 | 80,342 | 95.15 |
|  | 36-40 | 2,179,190 | 62,631 | 65,250 | 95.99 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,932,911 | 48,609 | 42,395 | 114.66 |
|  | 46-50 | 5,016,650 | 68,794 | 69,408 | 99.11 |
|  | 51-55 | 4,284,391 | 117,657 | 117,906 | 99.79 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,499,771 | 70,365 | 68,598 | 102.58 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,758 | 486 | 76 | 639.11 |
|  | 66-70 | 451 | 274 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 43 | 29 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 18,022,862 | 495,704 | 493,648 | 100.42 |

## General State <br> Ultimate Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 0.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 11,167 | 1,840 | 1,730 | 106.35 |
|  | 26-30 | 85,920 | 8,662 | 9,472 | 91.45 |
|  | 31-35 | 232,705 | 14,025 | 15,304 | 91.64 |
|  | 36-40 | 476,790 | 18,565 | 16,044 | 115.71 |
|  | 41-45 | 898,351 | 23,611 | 17,595 | 134.19 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,332,567 | 22,621 | 26,592 | 85.07 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,265,885 | 31,084 | 29,862 | 104.09 |
|  | 56-60 | 474,753 | 18,400 | 16,451 | 111.85 |
|  | 61-65 | 13,152 | 367 | 550 | 66.80 |
|  | 66-70 | 665 | 204 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 23 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 4,791,991 | 139,379 | 133,601 | 104.32 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 150.40 |
|  | 21-25 | 11,938 | 1,948 | 1,843 | 105.68 |
|  | 26-30 | 126,712 | 13,037 | 14,763 | 88.31 |
|  | 31-35 | 308,484 | 20,581 | 23,498 | 87.59 |
|  | 36-40 | 594,709 | 27,401 | 25,756 | 106.39 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,310,877 | 32,193 | 33,460 | 96.21 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,910,632 | 41,109 | 42,284 | 97.22 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,714,832 | 50,528 | 49,876 | 101.31 |
|  | 56-60 | 584,947 | 25,157 | 22,569 | 111.46 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,126 | 764 | 102 | 749.59 |
|  | 66-70 | 199 | 82 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 95 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 6,565,561 | 212,856 | 214,153 | 99.39 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 25 | 3 | 5 | 68.75 |
|  | 21-25 | 23,105 | 3,788 | 3,573 | 106.00 |
|  | 26-30 | 212,632 | 21,700 | 24,235 | 89.54 |
|  | 31-35 | 541,188 | 34,606 | 38,801 | 89.19 |
|  | 36-40 | 1,071,499 | 45,966 | 41,800 | 109.97 |
|  | 41-45 | 2,209,229 | 55,804 | 51,055 | 109.30 |
|  | 46-50 | 3,243,198 | 63,731 | 68,876 | 92.53 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,980,717 | 81,613 | 79,738 | 102.35 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,059,700 | 43,556 | 39,020 | 111.63 |
|  | 61-65 | 15,277 | 1,131 | 652 | 173.60 |
|  | 66-70 | 864 | 285 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 117 | 53 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 11,357,552 | 352,235 | 347,754 | 101.29 |

## Political Subdivisions

Ultimate Withdrawal Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 60 | 3 | 8 | 30.57 |
|  | 21-25 | 24,485 | 2,721 | 2,691 | 101.09 |
|  | 26-30 | 143,849 | 11,879 | 11,765 | 100.97 |
|  | 31-35 | 364,995 | 23,322 | 21,346 | 109.26 |
|  | 36-40 | 600,165 | 25,965 | 23,996 | 108.20 |
|  | 41-45 | 877,116 | 28,464 | 26,043 | 109.30 |
|  | 46-50 | 989,175 | 27,618 | 26,936 | 102.53 |
|  | 51-55 | 905,687 | 27,130 | 28,764 | 94.32 |
|  | 56-60 | 305,384 | 14,508 | 12,331 | 117.65 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,464 | 304 | 58 | 520.60 |
|  | 66-70 | 521 | 137 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 133 | 36 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 4,213,034 | 162,086 | 153,940 | 105.29 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 509.94 |
|  | 21-25 | 8,816 | 1,276 | 1,387 | 92.04 |
|  | 26-30 | 70,196 | 9,020 | 8,624 | 104.59 |
|  | 31-35 | 192,356 | 17,386 | 16,772 | 103.66 |
|  | 36-40 | 393,972 | 26,276 | 24,254 | 108.34 |
|  | 41-45 | 707,564 | 34,441 | 32,015 | 107.58 |
|  | 46-50 | 1,011,424 | 41,615 | 39,126 | 106.36 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,078,615 | 46,158 | 43,149 | 106.97 |
|  | 56-60 | 410,620 | 20,897 | 19,384 | 107.80 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,394 | 183 | 63 | 289.81 |
|  | 66-70 | 394 | 106 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 75 | 25 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 3,875,431 | 197,386 | 184,774 | 106.83 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 65 | 7 | 9 | 73.00 |
|  | 21-25 | 33,302 | 3,997 | 4,078 | 98.02 |
|  | 26-30 | 214,045 | 20,898 | 20,388 | 102.50 |
|  | 31-35 | 557,351 | 40,708 | 38,118 | 106.79 |
|  | 36-40 | 994,136 | 52,241 | 48,250 | 108.27 |
|  | 41-45 | 1,584,680 | 62,906 | 58,057 | 108.35 |
|  | 46-50 | 2,000,599 | 69,233 | 66,062 | 104.80 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,984,302 | 73,288 | 71,913 | 101.91 |
|  | 56-60 | 716,004 | 35,405 | 31,716 | 111.63 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,858 | 486 | 121 | 400.81 |
|  | 66-70 | 915 | 242 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 71-75 | 208 | 60 | 0 | n/a |
|  | TOTAL | 8,088,465 | 359,472 | 338,713 | 106.13 |

## Spread of Retirement Ages

Spreads of actual retirement ages have been obtained separately for males and females within each category. Comparisons were also made between the age at which each individual became eligible for full retirement benefits and the age at which he actually retired.

These rates reflect the way in which they are applied. Retirement rates apply to ages that are calculated as the "age nearest birthday" on a valuation date (June 30), and anticipate all retirements before the next June 30. Thus, anyone who attains age 64 during 2007 (i.e., was born in 1943) will be treated as being age 64 in the 2007 valuation. Any member in this group who retires before June 30, 2008 will be thought of, for valuation purposes, as retiring at age 64, even though (for example, a teacher who retires at the end of the 2007-2008 school year) he may already have attained age 65 when he retires. The effect of this approach is to divide between age 64 and age 65 retirements which actually occur shortly after the participants' 65th birthdays, rather than assigning them all to age 65.

As a result of the 2000 study, retirement arrays for each major group were modified to reflect liability weighted patterns. Prior to age 60, retirement rates upon first attaining the service retirement age were increased by $10 \%$ for all groups. On and after age 60, retirement rates for participants who have completed at least fifteen years of service were increased by $10 \%, 5 \%$ and $5 \%$ for Teachers, State and Political Subdivision employees.

For the 2000 to 2004 study period, the actual to expected ratios for service retirements declined considerably for each major group (all groups had ratios at or near $80 \%$ ). These results suggested a significant decline in the number of retirements from the results of the 2000 study. Since the observed shift in retirement experience was significant, it was difficult to predict whether the data represented a permanent shift in retirement patterns or only a temporary change due to other factors. The 2004 study recommended that only a portion of the decline in service retirements be reflected in the modified retirement arrays. Retirement patterns from the 1996 to 2000 study period were blended with the results from the 2000 to 2004 study period to produce modified retirement arrays. The expectation was to monitor results over the next study period and adjust again in 2008 if the shift in service retirement was observed again.

The 2004 study also modified the special adjustments for retirement rates. Prior to age 60, retirement rates upon first attaining the service retirement age were increased by $12.5 \%$ for Teachers and $10 \%$ for State and Political Subdivision employees. On and after age 60, retirement rates for participants who have completed at least fifteen years of service were increased by $8 \%$ for Teachers and $4 \%$ for State and Political Subdivision employees.

The current analysis continues to suggest that adding an incremental percentage to retirement rates upon attaining the service retirement age prior to age 60 is appropriate. It also supports applying a greater probability of retirement on and after age 60 if the period of employment has been substantial. The extent of the additional retirement probability following attainment of age 60 varies among groups as well as by age.

For the 2004 to 2008 study period, the trend for employees to delay retirement continued for all groups. These results suggest that a continued reduction in retirement rates would be prudent since the pattern has now been consistently observed over two study periods.

Teachers
Service Retirement Old Assumptions


|  |  | General State Service Retirement Old Assumptions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| MALE | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 59,929 | 3,968 | 5,536 | 71.68 |
|  | 51-55 | 587,718 | 46,276 | 56,575 | 81.80 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,450,694 | 128,290 | 153,661 | 83.49 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,492,748 | 233,797 | 320,473 | 72.95 |
|  | 66-70 | 545,779 | 90,876 | 115,903 | 78.41 |
|  | 71-75 | 153,696 | 26,396 | 50,368 | 52.41 |
|  | TOTAL | 4,290,565 | 529,603 | 702,516 | 75.39 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 120,133 | 12,456 | 10,974 | 113.51 |
|  | 51-55 | 734,707 | 67,402 | 72,132 | 93.44 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,223,590 | 115,147 | 130,885 | 87.98 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,213,107 | 191,637 | 253,711 | 75.53 |
|  | 66-70 | 372,100 | 67,205 | 78,774 | 85.31 |
|  | 71-75 | 84,236 | 12,731 | 27,786 | 45.82 |
|  | TOTAL | 3,747,872 | 466,579 | 574,263 | 81.25 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 180,063 | 16,424 | 16,510 | 99.48 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,322,425 | 113,678 | 128,708 | 88.32 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,674,284 | 243,437 | 284,546 | 85.55 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,705,855 | 425,434 | 574,184 | 74.09 |
|  | 66-70 | 917,879 | 158,081 | 194,677 | 81.20 |
|  | 71-75 | 237,931 | 39,127 | 78,154 | 50.06 |
|  | TOTAL | 8,038,437 | 996,182 | 1,276,779 | 78.02 |

Political Subdivisions Service Retirement Old Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 39,041 | 5,473 | 3,582 | 152.79 |
|  | 51-55 | 247,100 | 27,291 | 23,952 | 113.94 |
|  | 56-60 | 457,151 | 50,595 | 54,123 | 93.48 |
|  | 61-65 | 585,021 | 117,059 | 131,209 | 89.22 |
|  | 66-70 | 171,120 | 32,065 | 34,345 | 93.36 |
|  | 71-75 | 61,745 | 12,978 | 19,672 | 65.97 |
|  | TOTAL | 1,561,177 | 245,460 | 266,884 | 91.97 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 26,495 | 3,071 | 2,385 | 128.74 |
|  | 51-55 | 145,529 | 14,486 | 13,778 | 105.14 |
|  | 56-60 | 357,203 | 43,484 | 43,194 | 100.67 |
|  | 61-65 | 689,573 | 125,696 | 155,769 | 80.69 |
|  | 66-70 | 214,686 | 44,898 | 43,800 | 102.51 |
|  | 71-75 | 68,844 | 15,093 | 21,788 | 69.27 |
|  | TOTAL | 1,502,331 | 246,728 | 280,715 | 87.89 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 65,536 | 8,544 | 5,967 | 143.17 |
|  | 51-55 | 392,629 | 41,777 | 37,730 | 110.72 |
|  | 56-60 | 814,354 | 94,080 | 97,317 | 96.67 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,274,594 | 242,754 | 286,978 | 84.59 |
|  | 66-70 | 385,806 | 76,963 | 78,145 | 98.49 |
|  | 71-75 | 130,588 | 28,071 | 41,460 | 67.70 |
|  | TOTAL | 3,063,508 | 492,188 | 547,599 | 89.88 |

## DEMOGRAPHC ASSUMPIIONS

Recommendation: Retirement arrays for each major group should be modified to reflect the continued change in the pattern of retirement first noticed in the 2004 study. Recommended tables produce actual to expected ratios near $100 \%$ for Teachers and Political Subdivisions.

It is believed that a number of State employees deferred retirement at the end of the 2004 to 2008 study period in order to take advantage of an incentive program being offered that was to be effective shortly after the end of the study period. The desired result was to reflect the full, continued change in retirement pattern for the State group similar to the recommendations for the Teacher and Political Subdivision groups. The impact of the anticipation of the incentive program was factored into the recommended results for the State group resulting in a revised ratio of only $94 \%$ (where it otherwise would have been recommended as $100 \%$ ).

Prior to age 60, retirement rates upon first attaining the service retirement age should be increased by $12.5 \%$ for Teachers and $7.5 \%$ for State and Political Subdivision employees (changed from $12.5 \%$ for Teachers and 10\% for State and Political Subdivision employees). On and after age 60, retirement rates for participants who have completed at least fifteen years of service should be increased by $8 \%$ for Teachers and $2 \%$ for State and Political Subdivision employees (changed from 8\% for Teachers and 4\% for State and Political Subdivision employees).

Rates in the revised tables should be applied only to participants who have satisfied the eligibility requirements for service retirement. The effect of the recommended changes is illustrated in the following tables.

Teachers
Service Retirement

## Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 2,463 | 0 | 227 | 0.00 |
|  | 51-55 | 698,235 | 93,491 | 92,636 | 100.92 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,442,223 | 223,678 | 225,105 | 99.37 |
|  | 61-65 | 745,785 | 202,651 | 200,720 | 100.96 |
|  | 66-70 | 141,415 | 31,260 | 33,241 | 94.04 |
|  | 71-75 | 27,003 | 5,613 | 9,068 | 61.90 |
|  | TOTAL | 3,057,122 | 556,693 | 560,998 | 99.23 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 5,226 | 847 | 907 | 93.34 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,270,372 | 307,860 | 311,789 | 98.74 |
|  | 56-60 | 3,544,487 | 612,912 | 617,148 | 99.31 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,016,132 | 620,028 | 625,026 | 99.20 |
|  | 66-70 | 333,034 | 110,605 | 107,791 | 102.61 |
|  | 71-75 | 67,374 | 17,083 | 34,655 | 49.29 |
|  | TOTAL | 8,236,625 | 1,669,334 | 1,697,316 | 98.35 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 7,689 | 847 | 1,134 | 74.63 |
|  | 51-55 | 2,968,607 | 401,351 | 404,426 | 99.24 |
|  | 56-60 | 4,986,709 | 836,590 | 842,253 | 99.33 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,761,917 | 822,679 | 825,746 | 99.63 |
|  | 66-70 | 474,449 | 141,865 | 141,032 | 100.59 |
|  | 71-75 | 94,377 | 22,696 | 43,723 | 51.91 |
|  | TOTAL | 11,293,747 | 2,226,028 | 2,258,314 | 98.57 |

General State
Service Retirement

## Recommended Assumptions

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 59,929 | 3,968 | 4,378 | 90.63 |
|  | 51-55 | 587,718 | 46,276 | 47,953 | 96.50 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,450,694 | 128,290 | 132,295 | 96.97 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,492,748 | 233,797 | 244,382 | 95.67 |
|  | 66-70 | 545,779 | 90,876 | 94,791 | 95.87 |
|  | 71-75 | 153,696 | 26,396 | 40,941 | 64.47 |
|  | TOTAL | 4,290,565 | 529,603 | 564,740 | 93.78 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 120,133 | 12,456 | 9,621 | 129.47 |
|  | 51-55 | 734,707 | 67,402 | 70,567 | 95.52 |
|  | 56-60 | 1,223,590 | 115,147 | 118,414 | 97.24 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,213,107 | 191,637 | 203,556 | 94.14 |
|  | 66-70 | 372,100 | 67,205 | 70,085 | 95.89 |
|  | 71-75 | 84,236 | 12,731 | 23,780 | 53.54 |
|  | TOTAL | 3,747,872 | 466,579 | 496,023 | 94.06 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 180,063 | 16,424 | 13,999 | 117.33 |
|  | 51-55 | 1,322,425 | 113,678 | 118,519 | 95.92 |
|  | 56-60 | 2,674,284 | 243,437 | 250,709 | 97.10 |
|  | 61-65 | 2,705,855 | 425,434 | 447,938 | 94.98 |
|  | 66-70 | 917,879 | 158,081 | 164,877 | 95.88 |
|  | 71-75 | 237,931 | 39,127 | 64,721 | 60.46 |
|  | TOTAL | 8,038,437 | 996,182 | 1,060,763 | 93.91 |

# Political Subdivisions <br> Service Retirement Recommended Assumptions 

| MALE |  | Exposure | Actual | Expected | Act/Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 39,041 | 5,473 | 3,621 | 151.14 |
|  | 51-55 | 247,100 | 27,291 | 27,349 | 99.79 |
|  | 56-60 | 457,151 | 50,595 | 51,600 | 98.05 |
|  | 61-65 | 585,021 | 117,059 | 115,388 | 101.45 |
|  | 66-70 | 171,120 | 32,065 | 31,773 | 100.92 |
|  | 71-75 | 61,745 | 12,978 | 18,869 | 68.78 |
|  | TOTAL | 1,561,177 | 245,460 | 248,601 | 98.74 |
| FEMALE | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 26,495 | 3,071 | 2,302 | 133.43 |
|  | 51-55 | 145,529 | 14,486 | 14,448 | 100.26 |
|  | 56-60 | 357,203 | 43,484 | 42,861 | 101.45 |
|  | 61-65 | 689,573 | 125,696 | 124,179 | 101.22 |
|  | 66-70 | 214,686 | 44,898 | 44,376 | 101.18 |
|  | 71-75 | 68,844 | 15,093 | 21,370 | 70.63 |
|  | TOTAL | 1,502,331 | 246,728 | 249,535 | 98.88 |
| TOTAL | 16-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 21-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 26-30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 31-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 36-40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 41-45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | n/a |
|  | 46-50 | 65,536 | 8,544 | 5,922 | 144.26 |
|  | 51-55 | 392,629 | 41,777 | 41,797 | 99.95 |
|  | 56-60 | 814,354 | 94,080 | 94,461 | 99.60 |
|  | 61-65 | 1,274,594 | 242,754 | 239,567 | 101.33 |
|  | 66-70 | 385,806 | 76,963 | 76,149 | 101.07 |
|  | 71-75 | 130,588 | 28,071 | 40,239 | 69.76 |
|  | TOTAL | 3,063,508 | 492,188 | 498,136 | 98.81 |

## Summary of Demographic Assumptions

Recommendations for modification of demographic assumptions utilized for each major group have been made herein. These changes relate to experience identified from the four year period ending June 30, 2008. It is recommended that the revised array of assumptions be adopted for the major groups of employees.

Various economic assumptions such as interest rates, probable future salary increases, and increases in the Social Security taxable wage base are all linked to general economic conditions (especially the rate of inflation), and therefore are interrelated. Economic assumptions are not so directly the province of the actuary as are the assumptions previously discussed. Nevertheless, assumptions concerning the future pattern of these items are more important in determining plan costs than any of the decrements previously discussed, and usually are included under the title "Actuarial Assumptions." Also, past performance can serve as a clue to future performance, even if only as a starting point for adjustments reflecting changed situations.

Economic assumptions are often determined based upon a component approach. Under this approach, the individual elements of each assumption are identified and combined to produce a total or composite amount. Each of these components contains inflation as a common item.

## Inflation

Inflation is a common element in each of the economic assumptions made for the plan. Inflation is also a separate assumption that affects costs by determining cost of living adjustments that affect geometrically increased plan benefits following retirement.

There has been substantial fluctuation in historical rates of inflation. The table below presents rates of inflation that have occurred over various periods ending in 2008.

| Period | Period <br> Length | Inflation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2008-2008$ | 1 | $0.1 \%$ |
| $1994-2008$ | 15 | $2.5 \%$ |
| $1984-2008$ | 25 | $3.0 \%$ |
| $1979-2008$ | 30 | $3.9 \%$ |
| $1959-2008$ | 50 | $4.0 \%$ |
| $1949-2008$ | 60 | $3.7 \%$ |
| $1934-2008$ | 75 | $3.8 \%$ |
| $1929-2008$ | 80 | $3.2 \%$ |

Indicators of future inflation expectations include the opinion of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds, whose 2009 Annual Report discusses underlying actuarial assumption data. The report provides sets of low, intermediate and high cost actuarial assumptions. The ultimate annual inflation assumption documented in the report is assumed to be $1.8 \%, 2.8 \%$ and $3.8 \%$ for the low, intermediate and high cost assumptions, respectively.

Based upon the above historical information and expectation of future occurrences, the expected annual rate of inflation has been established at an intermediate annual rate of $3.0 \%$. This expected annual rate of future inflation is unchanged from the current assumption being used by TCRS.

## Cost of Living Adjustment for TCRS Retirees

TCRS provides an annual cost of living adjustment to retirees effective July 1 of each year based on the inflation measured in the previous calendar year. The method for determining the cost of living adjustment does not allow the adjustment to exceed $3.0 \%$ in any given year. The table below is the same as the one shown in the inflation section above that presents rates of inflation that have occurred over various periods ending in 2008, but this table contains an extra column to show the impact of applying the $3.0 \%$ limit over each period.

| Period | Period <br> Length | Inflation | 3.0\% Limit <br> Per Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2008-2008$ | 1 |  | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| $1994-2008$ | 15 | $2.5 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |  |
| $1984-2008$ | 25 | $3.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |  |
| $1979-2008$ | 30 | $3.9 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |  |
| $1959-2008$ | 50 | $4.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |  |
| $1949-2008$ | 60 | $3.7 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |  |
| $1934-2008$ | 75 | $3.8 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |  |
| $1929-2008$ | 80 | $3.2 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |  |

The expected annual rate of inflation was established in the previous section at $3.0 \%$. This assumption does not imply that inflation will be exactly $3.0 \%$ in each future year, but rather that inflation will average $3.0 \%$ in the future (some years greater and some years less). During periods when actual inflation is high, the TCRS cost of living adjustment will be limited to $3.0 \%$. Therefore, the range of future TCRS cost of living adjustments will be between the actual rate of inflation during low inflationary periods and 3.0\%.

Based upon the above historical information and the assumption that the long-term average expectation of future inflation has been established at $3.0 \%$, the expected rate of the cost of living adjustment to TCRS retirees has been established at an annual rate of $2.5 \%$. This expected annual rate of the cost of living adjustment is a decrease from the current assumption being used by TCRS of $3.0 \%$.

## Interest Rates

The long-term rate of return on investments is the most important single factor in determining the cost of a pension plan with a given set of benefits and participants. The investment experience of the TCRS trust fund has been studied on a "total return" basis by the TCRS investment staff. The following table shows the investment return for each individual year and separate average annualized rates of return for the period beginning with each fiscal year and ending June 30, 2008:

| Fiscal Year | Rate of Return During Year | Average Annualized Rate of Return from Given Year through 2008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007-2008 | (1.2)\% | (1.2)\% |
| 2006-2007 | 13.2 | 5.8 |
| 2005-2006 | 6.9 | 6.1 |
| 2004-2005 | 7.3 | 6.4 |
| 2003-2004 | 9.3 | 7.0 |
| 2002-2003 | 4.9 | 6.6 |
| 2001-2002 | (1.9) | 5.4 |
| 2000-2001 | (1.6) | 4.5 |
| 1999-2000 | 7.9 | 4.9 |
| 1998-1999 | 9.5 | 5.3 |
| 1997-1998 | 15.1 | 6.2 |
| 1996-1997 | 15.7 | 6.9 |
| 1995-1996 | 12.8 | 7.4 |
| 1994-1995 | 12.8 | 7.8 |
| 1993-1994 | 0.5 | 7.3 |

From the table above, it may be seen that the average annual total rate of return for the last fifteen years has been $7.3 \%$, but that within that period there has been substantial fluctuation. The average annual total rate of return for the four years ending June 30, 2008 has been $6.4 \%$, which is below the $7.5 \%$ assumed rate of return.

In accordance with investment policies established by the Board, TCRS investments emphasize bonds and other fixed income securities, but also include a substantial percentage of equity investments. On a "total return" basis, both kinds of investments are subject to wide fluctuations dependent upon market and economic conditions. The results shown in the table illustrate such fluctuations.

In order to arrive at contribution rates that are not unduly affected by these fluctuations, TCRS valuations assign a value to assets which is based on a "10-year moving average of market values". Over a short period, this approach may differ substantially from the year-by-year results shown above, but over longer periods the results should be similar and should reasonably replicate market value results. The smoothing process attempts to avoid the wide fluctuations shown in the table, tending also to smooth contribution rates.

Any analysis of expected returns should include both long-term historical returns and current expectations of the future investment climate. Generally, current expectations are useful for predicting short-term returns, while historical experience can be a better indicator of longer-term expected returns.

An expected long-term rate of return for the plan has been developed using a blend of future expectations of returns and long-term historical performance. The following chart reflects a weighted-average expected future return based on the investment policy adopted by the Board. The policy permits investments from various asset classes within a minimum and maximum allocation percentage, and also defines a target portfolio to determine the
basis for measuring investment performance of the fund. Since the investment manager will make decisions to periodically over or under weight a particular asset class, the basis used for estimating future returns is the target portfolio instead of the plan's actual asset allocation at any given point in time.

The two sources used in the forecast of expected future returns are as follows: (1) Expectations from 2009 Wells Fargo Capital Market Expectations and (2) historical rates of return by asset class as reported in Ibbotson’s 2009 SBBI (Stocks, Bonds, Bills and Inflation) Yearbook. In considering what historical rates of return to consider, we extracted average returns for all historically available information (since 1926) and also considered average returns for the 15 year period ending in 2008. Since we do not believe there is one "correct" answer, but a range of possible results, we have considered different weighting factors below. In Scenario I, we assume the Wells Fargo Capital Market Expectations to be of greatest value and so weight that category $60 \%$ while weighting the other categories $20 \%$ each. In Scenario II, we assume all historical data to be the most meaningful and so weight that category $60 \%$ with the other two being $20 \%$. When no historical data was available for certain asset classes, assumptions were made consistent with the level of risk presented within each class.

|  | (A) <br> Allocation <br> Percentage | (B) <br> Wells Fargo | SBBI Since <br> 1926 | (D) <br> SBBI <br> 15 Years | $60 / 20 / 20$ <br> Expected <br> Return | 20/60/20 <br> Expected <br> Return |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic Stocks | $35 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $2.93 \%$ | $3.07 \%$ |
| International Stocks | $15 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $11.7 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $1.41 \%$ | $1.58 \%$ |
| Domestic Bonds | $27 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $1.50 \%$ | $1.55 \%$ |
| International Bonds | $4 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0.24 \%$ |
| Inflation Indexed Bonds | $8 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $0.43 \%$ | $0.44 \%$ |
| Real Estate | $7 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ | $0.56 \%$ | $0.63 \%$ |
| Private Equity | $3 \%$ | $8.8 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ | $0.26 \%$ | $0.27 \%$ |
| Short-term securities | $1 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $7.36 \%$ |

While there is no single "correct" assumption for the rate of investment return, the above range of $7.36 \%$ to $7.82 \%$ gives a reasonable range of outcomes that might be expected based on the plan's current funding policy. Based on this analysis, a rate of $7.5 \%$ would appear to be a reasonable assumption. Even if different weightings were applied to the various sources of data, $7.5 \%$ would still likely be in the range of reasonable outcomes.

The $7.5 \%$ interest assumption is representative of interest assumptions used by pension plans sponsored by large public employers. A 2009 Wilshire report indicates the average interest rate assumption used by 125 different state retirement systems is $8.0 \%$. However, the average commitment to equity investments among other state retirement systems is higher than that of TCRS. Domestic and international equity (including real estate) allocations among state retirement plans average $68 \%$ compared to $57 \%$ for TCRS. The lower equity allocations for TCRS suggest that the use of a more conservative assumed investment return is appropriate.

Recommendation: The current rate of 7.5\% presents a reasonable expectation of future investment returns when evaluated based upon the existing asset allocation targets and expected real rates of return. The rate is based upon an inflation rate of $3.0 \%$ which is consistent with the underlying inflation rate used in the establishment of other economic assumptions.

## Salary Scale

In recent years, there has been a tendency away from uniform salary scales that do not vary by age to age graded scales. Age graded scales typically begin with higher increase rates for the younger ages where salary increases are highest and decline to lower levels for older participants where increases often approximate the cost of living. While direct comparisons may be accurately made among plans that use a uniform scale, comparisons between age graded scales are not as easily made. A $5 \%$ uniform scale will produce higher contribution rates than an age graded scale that begins at $7 \%$ and declines to $3 \%$, for which the average is $5 \%$, because the higher rates of the graded scale affect only the relatively smaller number of participants who are below the age midpoint.

After the 2000 experience study, salary assumptions were adopted to include an age-related feature for the first time. The new salary assumptions were further validated with the 2004 study where no changes were recommended. The greater accuracy achieved with age related tables offsets the small advantage of greater understandability afforded by uniform tables. Recommended tables are based upon an average real wage increase rate expectation of $0.5 \%$ coupled with anticipated inflation of $3.0 \%$.

Under the current tables, salary increases decline from $9.5 \%$ at age 20 to $4.3 \%$ at age 60 . Rates are assumed to decline very modestly thereafter to $4.2 \%$ ultimately. The average increase from age 20 to 60 is $6.17 \%$. Although the average seems high, the table in aggregate is actually less conservative because the higher rates applicable to younger employees affect a relatively small group of employees for whom the expectation of reaching retirement and receiving benefit values are low. The graded salary scale replicates the effect of a uniform salary scale that increases annually at the rate of approximately $4.75 \%$.

The tables on the next two pages show that average salaries have continued to increase reasonably close to the current salary scale assumption. The four-year averages for Teachers, State and Political Subdivisions were 4.66\%, $6.22 \%$ and $5.05 \%$, respectively. These rates are reasonably consistent with the $4.58 \%, 4.42 \%$ and $4.66 \%$ for the same groups measured during the 2000-2004 period.

The tables show that salary increases continue to vary significantly by age among all major groups. This result further supports the continued use of an age graded salary scale. There is also variability by year of examination. The average percentage increase for State employees for the four years commencing with July 1, 2004 are 8.61\%, $3.19 \%, 7.66 \%$ and $5.66 \%$. The differences measured by year suggest that averaging over a period of four years provides improved insight into historic salary changes. The somewhat larger increases for the State group experienced during the study period were believed to be due to compensation policies and adjustments that are not expected to continue in the future.

Recommendation: In order to evaluate the current salary scale assumption, the results of the following tables were averaged. It was also necessary to adjust the results based on the difference between the assumed inflation component built into the salary scale assumption and inflation that actually occurred during the study period. Inflation was assumed to be $3.0 \%$ annually, while actual inflation was $3.3 \%$ from the beginning of 2004 to the end of 2007.

Salary increase results for the current study period were consistent with expectations. As a result, no modification is proposed to the current salary scale assumption.

Teachers<br>Salary History - Individual Records Weighted By Salary



## General Employees Salary History - Individual Records Weighted By Salary

Percentage Increase in Average Salary
TOTAL

| $16-20$ | 1 | 29.43 | -6.06 | 6.30 | 12.53 | 6.63 | 9.97 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $21-25$ | 585 | 9.97 | 5.99 | 7.10 | 6.01 | 7.31 | 8.75 |
| $26-30$ | 2,404 | 9.87 | 7.23 | 8.78 | 6.51 | 7.98 | 7.55 |
| $31-35$ | 3,559 | 9.77 | 6.38 | 8.76 | 6.33 | 7.69 | 6.80 |
| $36-40$ | 4,373 | 8.99 | 5.27 | 8.39 | 6.27 | 7.16 | 6.13 |
| $41-45$ | 6,473 | 8.69 | 3.78 | 7.94 | 6.31 | 6.65 | 5.47 |
| $46-50$ | 8,410 | 8.70 | 2.83 | 7.91 | 5.90 | 6.29 | 4.93 |
| $51-55$ | 8,945 | 8.43 | 2.32 | 7.49 | 5.55 | 5.89 | 4.58 |
| $56-60$ | 7,519 |  | 8.31 |  | 2.02 |  | 7.21 |
| 5.27 | 5.63 | 4.35 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $61-65$ | 3,232 | 7.88 | 1.86 | 6.75 | 4.76 | 5.24 | 4.23 |
| $66-70$ | 1,107 | 7.33 | 1.25 | 6.06 | 4.49 | 4.73 | 4.21 |
| $71-75$ | 308 | 7.27 | 1.22 | 6.79 | 4.43 | 4.89 | 4.20 |
| TOTAL | 46,916 | 8.61 | 3.19 |  | 7.66 | 5.66 | 6.22 |

## Political Subdivisions <br> Salary History - Individual Records Weighted By Salary

Percentage Increase in Average Salary


## Social Security Increases

Although the TCRS is not heavily integrated with Social Security, it is affected by changes in the Social Security taxable wage base because such changes affect the "Social Security Integration Level" of the TCRS. In general, the State's cost is lowered somewhat by assuming that the taxable wage base will increase. Since such increases are primarily due to inflation, an assumption concerning the wage base should parallel the interest assumption. An appropriate wage base escalation rate that relates consistently to the other economic assumptions can be determined by combining the expected real wage increase rate of $0.5 \%$ with anticipated inflation of $3.0 \%$ to produce a rate of $3.5 \%$. This rate is consistent with the rate used in the 2007 actuarial valuation.

## Economic Assumption Summary

Recommendation: The group of economic assumptions recommended above is based upon an integrated set of assumptions of which inflation is common to all. The approach taken in establishing assumptions results in coordination among the assumption elements.

## OIfERGROUPS

The thrust of this study has been directed toward three major groups-Teachers, general State employees, and Political Subdivision employees. These three groups include the vast bulk of TCRS participants. Two other small groups ("UT-TIAA with guarantee" and "Local Teachers") are basically teacher groups, so it is recommended that the assumptions adopted for Teachers also be applied to them. The "Aged Teacher and State" retirees also are primarily former teachers, so they also should be covered by the assumptions used for Teachers.
"Group II" is a closed group that is not large enough to have credible experience with respect to mortality or disability. It is proposed that this group adopt the same mortality and disability assumptions as the Consolidated State group. Turnover appears to be roughly equal to the expected rates, but experience limits credibility. It is recommended that existing tables continue to be used for turnover.
"Group III" is a closed group that is also not large enough to generate credible experience. It is recommended that the mortality and disability rates adopted for Teachers be used also for "Group III." It is proposed that the retirement array adopted after the 2004 study be maintained without further changes for this group. The current schedule assumes rates of retirement for those who have met the service retirement eligibility requirements of $8 \%$ after age 50 increasing to $20 \%$ after age 65 .

